

Asterisk update: What's coming down the line in 12?

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Our agenda for today



- Recap: What is Asterisk?
- Recap: Who are Digium?
- How are the priorities set?
- Asterisk 1.8, 10 and 11
- New stuff, including preliminary support for WebRTC
- WebRTC demo
- Looking into the future Asterisk 12

Recap: About Asterisk?



- The most mature and established Open Source Communications Engine
- 2+ Million Downloads Each Year
- Over 1 Million Production Deployments
- 86,000+ Registered Community Members
- Under Development Since 1999

Recap: Who are Digium?



- The commercial company behind Asterisk
- Started by Mark Spencer
- Employ lots of software developers to work on code – that we give away!!
- Based in Huntsville, Alabama, USA
- Income comes from Asterisk hardware (including cards, gateways and PHONES), training and subscription support
- Every time you buy DIGIUM you are helping the Asterisk Open Source project.

Roger Bannister





Roger Bannister



- The first man in the world to run 1 mile (or 1.6 km) in less than 4 minutes
- Before he did it (on 6 May 1954), people said it could not be done
- After he did it, many people ran 1 mile in less than 4 minutes (his record lasted 46 days)



Open Source Telephony before 1999



• ??????

Asterisk started in 1999



- Since then...
- In no particular order:
 - Kamailio
 - FreeSwitch
 - CallWeaver
 - Yate
 - sipXecs
 - OpenSIPS
 - - ...

Phones For Asterisk



- Digium D40, D50, D70 Built For Asterisk Systems
- Super Simple Provisioning
 - Discovery via mDNS / Bonjour
 - Uses SIP channel
- Integrated Applications:
 - Visual Voicemail
 - Visual Call Parking
 - Queue Management
 - Presence / Status
 - Call Deflection / Direct VM



Phones For Asterisk



- Perhaps more importantly...
- A JavaScript API means that you can write applications directly on the phone!!



What Does Asterisk Do?



Plumbing:

- Protocol Implementations
- Media I/O
- Media Management

- Session Management
- Intermediary Services

Applications:

- Call Routing ("Dialplan")
- Voicemail
- Conference Bridge
- Queues

- Automated Attendant
- Directory
- Call Parking

How Do You Use Asterisk?



As An Application Unit Itself:

- Hand-Crafted "One-Off" Implementations
- Dialplan Script Programming + Configuration Files
- PBX, VoIP Gateway, IVR, ACD, Etc.

As A Tool-Kit / Engine:

- Use External Interfaces: AGI, AMI
- "Wrap" Asterisk To Manage
- Build Custom Applications & Solutions
- Create Communications Products

Asterisk Releases – 1.8 LTS



Asterisk 1.8 LTS

- Released 2 Year Ago (AstriCon 2010)
- Long Term Support (LTS)
- Added:
 - Secure Calling (SRTP / SIP TLS)
 - IPv6 Support
 - Calendar Integration
 - XMPP Device State
 - Channel Event Logging
 - Google Voice / Chat / Talk Calling (Sort Of)
 - "ISDN" Features (AOC, CCSS, CPID)

Asterisk Releases - Asterisk 10



- Asterisk 10
 - Released ~1 year ago (AstriCon 2011)
 - Standard Release (1 Year Lifespan)
 - Added:
 - HD Media Engine
 - New Codecs
 - ConfBridge HD Audio / Video conferencing
 - T.38 Gateway
 - Text Message Routing

Asterisk 11



- LTS Release
 - 5 years of full support
 - 1 additional year of security support
 - Takes you to 2018
- LTS = Stability NOT Features
 - Architectural-level bug fixes
 - Performance enhancements
 - Significant refactoring of existing features / functions

New In Asterisk 11



- Chan_motif Google / Jingle / XMPP Done Right
 - Combines chan_google and chan_jingle into a single driver
 - Uses completely refactored XMPP engine (res_xmpp)
 - More stable / less difficult to keep up with Google
- WebSockets Support For SIP
 - SIP uses multiple transports: UDP, TCP, TLS now WS
 - New protocol used by web applications for bi-directional, asynchronous communications
 - Integrated into onboard HTTP server in Asterisk

Why WebSockets?



- WebRTC A New Paradigm For Communications
 - Adds real-time communications to web browsers
 - Audio (Speakers / Microphone)
 - Video (Display / Camera)
 - Implements tools for media session management
 - NAT traversal (STUN, TURN, ICE)
 - Codecs (G.711, Opus)
 - Defines JavaScript APIs for media access, peer connection
 - Leaves the signaling protocol / process open to the application developer

SIP + WebSockets + WebRTC



- Adding WebSockets to Asterisk enables
 - SIP over WebSockets (available in Asterisk 11)
 - XMPP / Jingle over WebSockets (future version)
 - ??? Over WebSockets (as soon as you like)
- Other WebRTC changes
 - Improved RTP / SRTP handling
 - ICE support
 - SDP improvements

This Is Revolutionary Stuff!



- Instantly VoIP enabling every browser in the world
- No software to install
- Interoperability with existing VoIP technologies using RTP
 - SIP
- Open standards: anyone can play
- True unified communications
 - Voice + Video Calling
 - Screen Sharing
 - Conferencing

Next Up: Asterisk 12



- Asterisk is 13 years old, most of the 'fun' and 'sexy' stuff is done!
- So we are at a point of considering optimisation...
- Asterisk has some architectural issues that need addressing
- Asterisk has a very, very large installed base of users
- How to make improvements without breaking things
- We needed to make some big decisions...

How are the priorities set?



 At AstriDevCon – a meeting of Asterisk developers (usually held the day before AstriCon)







- Two major areas of development were agreed upon:
 - A new SIP channel driver
 - Major API improvements

Asterisk 12 - Summary



- -Asterisk is getting even better ©
- Work for everyones' long-term benefit has been started!



- Why a new SIP channel driver?
 - Asterisk currently has a "homegrown" stack
 - Maintainability issues
 - Difficult to extend with advances in SIP protocol



- What issues do people have with Asterisk's APIs?
 - AMI
 - No stable identifier to channels (masquerades)
 - Too much information for some applications
 - Synchronous media operations make some use cases difficult



- What issues do people have with Asterisk's APIs?
 - AGI
 - Not unified well with call control
 - These are indicative of core Asterisk problems, not just problems with the interface protocols

SIP



- New SIP Channel Driver
 - Use a known good SIP stack
 - Highly extensible: be flexible for future improvements
 - Leverage better design for performance
 - Considered SofiaSIP, ReSIProcate, PJSIP



SIP Stack: pjproject

Was used on Asterisk SCF successfully Use knowledge in building Asterisk SCF for Asterisk

Extensible

Stand alone modules can be plugged into Asterisk's SIP architecture and provide new SIP-based features

Example: res_sip_rfc3326 – only implements RFC 3326 (Reason Header field)

Avoids chan sin's problem of small changes

Avoids chan_sip's problem of small changes affecting other functionality

SIP



Performance Improvements

Highly multi-threaded (chan_sip is not)
Allows deployments to scale back SIP
functionality to only what they need



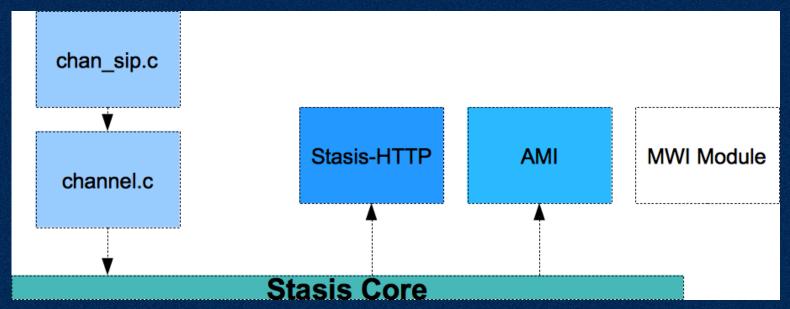
API Improvements

- Have a stable handle to channels through the lifetime of communication between the device and Asterisk
- Do not expose the internal implementation details of Asterisk to third parties
- Unify call control and channel operations through a friendly API – let users build their own telephony applications easily
- Fix the core problems in Asterisk that resulted in the interfaces being hard to use



- We need a better way to convey information inside Asterisk and to external parties
 - Stasis-Core: the new API in Asterisk that provides a stable way of building on top of information in Asterisk
 - Message bus internal to Asterisk
 - Publish/subscribe to device state, channel state, bridge state, as well as generic messages
 - AMI is re-built on top of Stasis-Core
 - Stasis-HTTP a new API for building telephony applications – is also build on top of Stasis-Core





A SIP channel is updated and an update is put out onto the Stasis-Core message bus. AMI receives this notification and updates its clients over TCP; Stasis-HTTP receives this and notifies its clients over WebSocket; a module listening for MWI is not notified as this isn't an MWI change



- AMI gets a major rework (see Asterisk 12 wiki)
 - Masquerades are no longer 'seen' by third parties, and are reduced significantly in frequency
 - Stable handles to channels that survive for the lifetime of that channel
 - Consistency in information passed in events
 - Publish/subscribe tags that let you only get notifications for things that are associated with items you care about
 - A host of other improvements



- Stasis-HTTP: A new API for building Telephony Applications
 - Think of it this way: you don't use Stasis-HTTP to put a channel in an Asterisk application – you use it to build your own applications.



- How it works
 - Applications interact with Asterisk over a REST API
 - Events are asynchronous and sent over WebSocket
 - Applications only get events for items in their Stasis-HTTP application
 - Channels in Stasis-HTTP are owned by the application
 - Allows call control as well as channel manipulation
- Higher level than AMI/AGI, but very powerful



- The implications of the API Improvements on Asterisk is huge
 - Can't get this done without significant work in the core of Asterisk
 - We are hampered by Asterisk's bridging model
 - Masquerades are pervasive we have to eliminate the need for many of them



- Bridging model changes to allow for API sanity
 - Utilize the bridging framework that ConfBridge uses
 - Optimize for two-party bridges, but allow for transitions between two-party bridges and multiparty bridges
 - Simplifies most transfer scenarios such that masquerades aren't necessary



- Bridging Changes have a ripple effect
 - CDRs change. Asterisk currently has lots of 'stuff' put in to try and make CDRs work with its current threading/bridge model. It has never worked perfectly due to fundamental design problems. This code no longer exists when we move to the Bridging API.
 - CELs change. Not as much as CDRs, but the lack of masquerades mean some events will occur differently.
 - Queue Logs change. Transfers work differently, bridging works differently.
 - Lots of internal changes



Specifications for all of the above are being written



- This is an opportunity to fix long standing problems in Asterisk
 - But, there is a cost to fixing these problems
 - Asterisk 12 is not like other releases
 - Asterisk 11 was an incremental improvement on Asterisk 10. Asterisk 10's changes – which included major media changes – were mostly transparent. Asterisk 12 will not be transparent.



- We will focus on backwards compatibility where possible, but we can't guarantee it
- But we will document what changed and how things should behave

Asterisk 12 - Summary



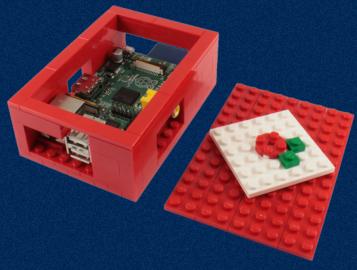
- -Asterisk is getting even better ©
- Work for everyones' long-term benefit has been started!

Now for a WebRTC demo on the the Raspberry Pi!!



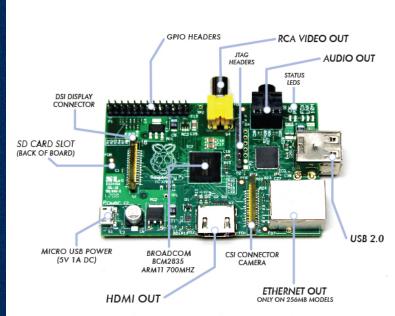
- What is the Raspberry Pi?
 - A small but fully functional ARM based computer that runs Linux
 - Originally developed to allow young people to start programming at a very low cost (\$40 US)
 - A number of Asterisk implementations, including PBX in a Flash/ Incredible Pi by Ward Mundy





More about the Raspberry Pi





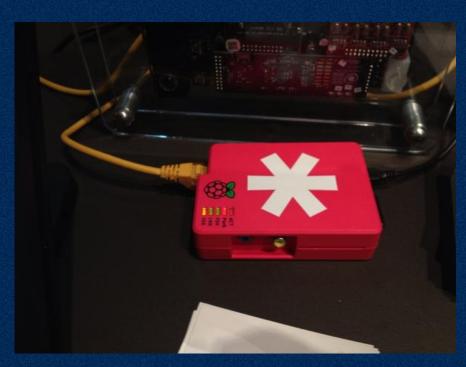




Quality Improvement

This is my Pi





Rasberry Pi – Model B 512 Mb RAM

Asterisk 11.0.1
DPMA
(Digium Phone Module for Asterisk)
DHCP server

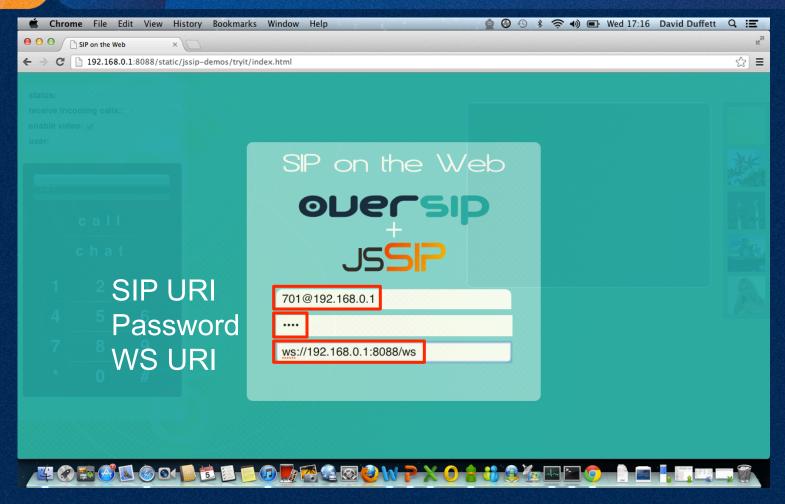
Asterisk is running an HTTP server, Serving JsSIP



- Connect to WiFi network 'DigiumDemo'
- Browse to http://192.168.0.1:8088/static/jssip-demos/tryit/index.html
- Enter credentials into the 3 fields:
 - SIP URI = 701, 702, 703, 704, 705@192.168.0.1
 - Password = demo
 - WS URI = ws://192.168.0.1:8088/ws

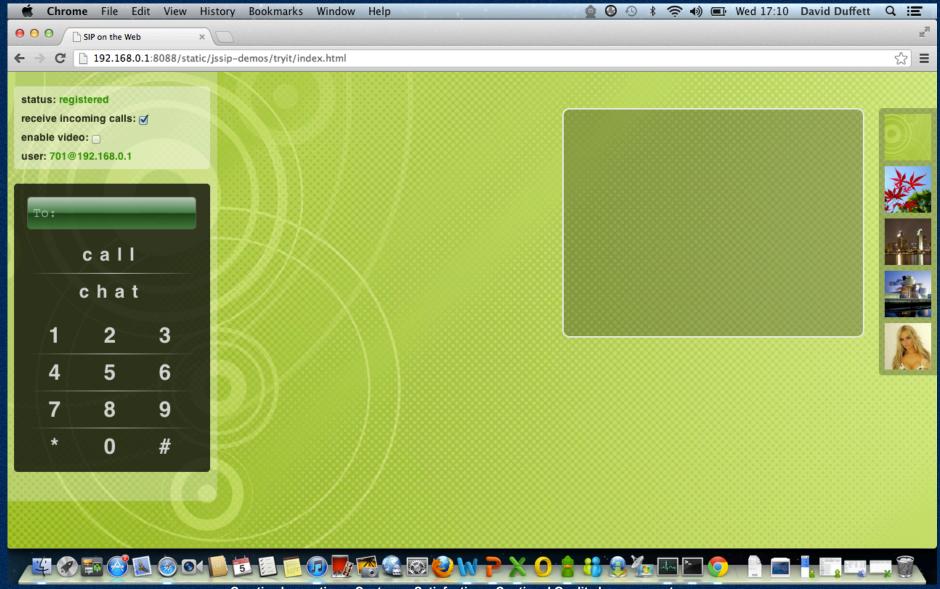
Enter details into this screen





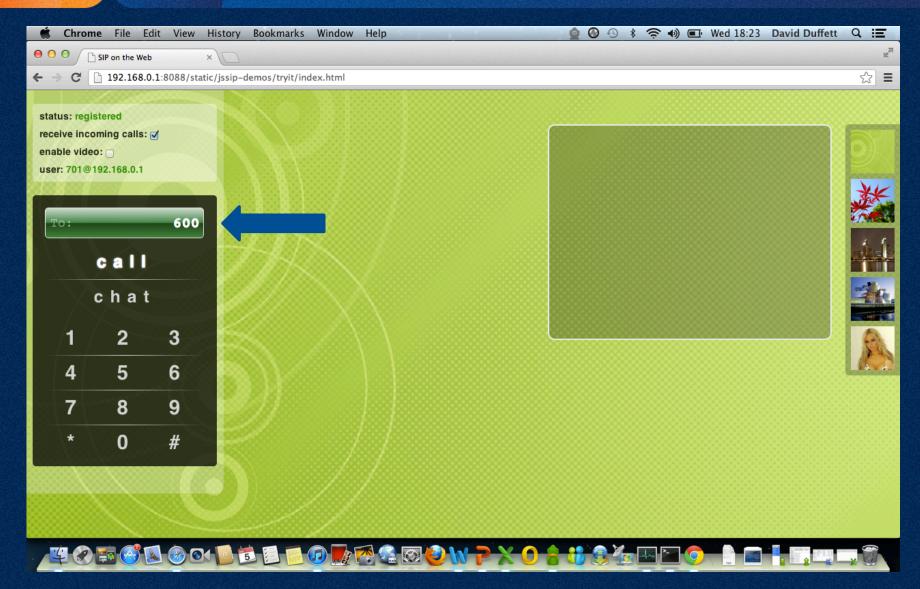
If successful





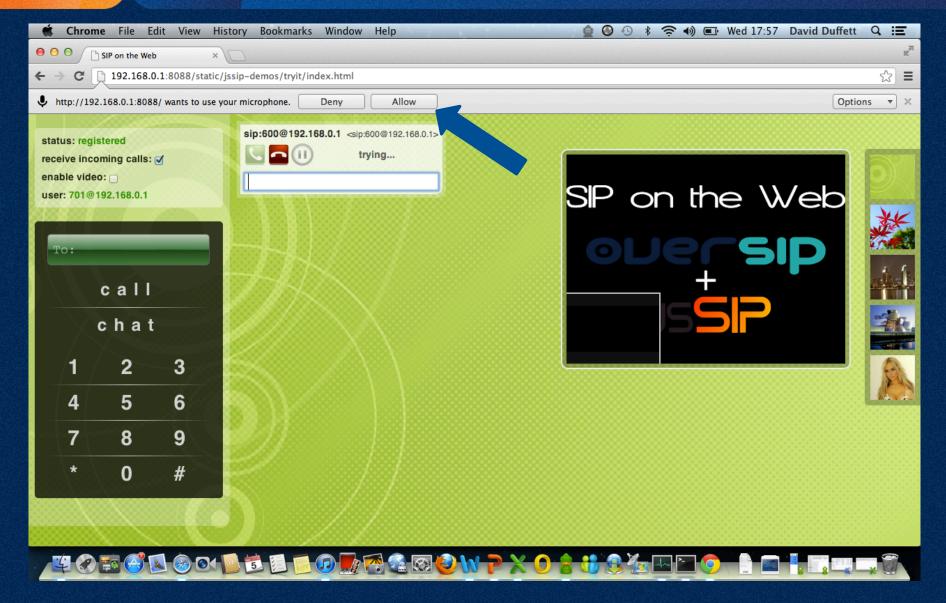
Put 600 in the box, and press <Enter>





Remember to click 'Allow'





If everything works...



- After a short pause, you should hear a special message
- From the lovely Allison THE Voice of Asterisk





What questions do you have?





Summary



- Asterisk is 13 years old
- It is very established, and has a huge ecosystem around it
- Our technology and processes are maturing
- We're still adding new functionality
- Asterisk 12 will be a real change in architecture to many of Asterisks subsystems, for the long term good of the project
- The community is very important in setting the agenda and doing some of the work.
- Let's help each other to succeed!



Thanks!

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