

# Kamailio Workshop

## Quick Getting Started

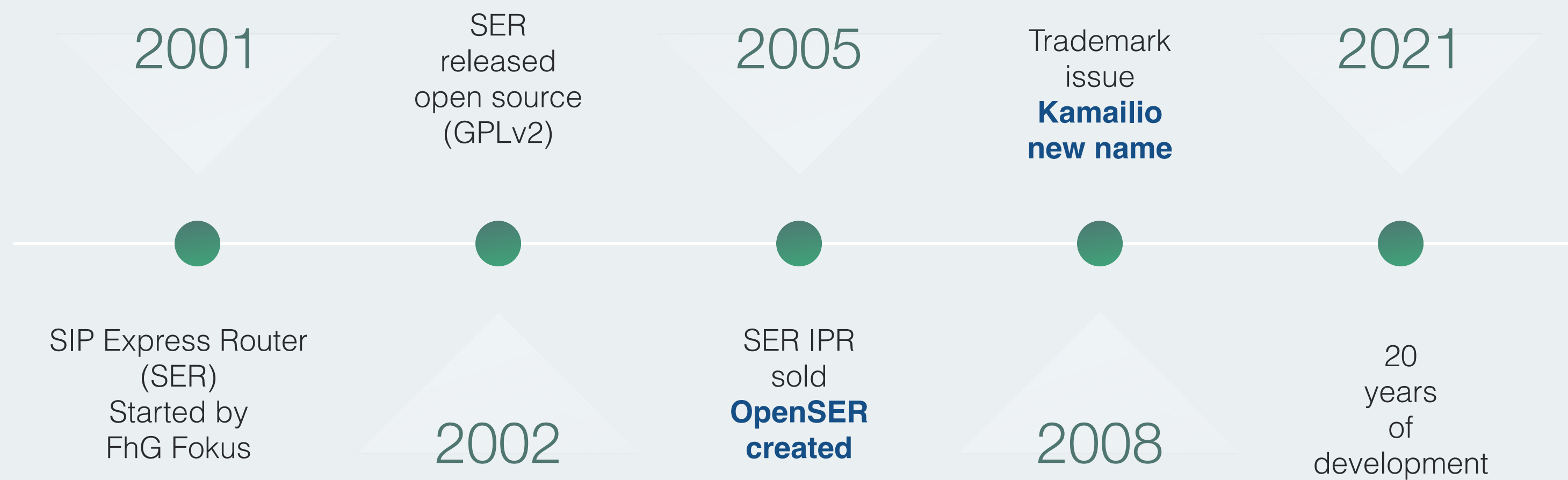
- ClueCon Deconstructed, August 4-7, 2020 –

Daniel-Constantin Mierla  Co-Founder Kamailio Project  [daniel@asipto.com](mailto:daniel@asipto.com)



- ▶ Originally from Romania, living in Berlin, Germany
- ▶ Computer science software engineer - Polytechnics University Bucharest (2001)
- ▶ Researcher in RTC at Fraunhofer Fokus Institute, Berlin, Germany (2002-2005)
- ▶ Co-founder, main coordinator and lead developer of Kamailio, an open source SIP Server
- ▶ Professional consultancy for SIP, VoIP, Kamailio and all RTC at asipto.com
- ▶ Involved in open source real time communications since 2002
- ▶ Working with open standard protocols, mainly from IETF, GSMA/3GPP/ITU
- ▶ C software developer - mainly VoIP server side infrastructure
- ▶ Co-organizer of Kamailio World Conference, FOSDEM RTC DevRoom
- ▶ Speaking and promoting OSS RTC at world wide events





### nowadays

- over 100 yearly active developers
- used by large rtc companies (millions of customers, billions of minutes per month)



[www.kamailio.org](http://www.kamailio.org)  
@kamailio

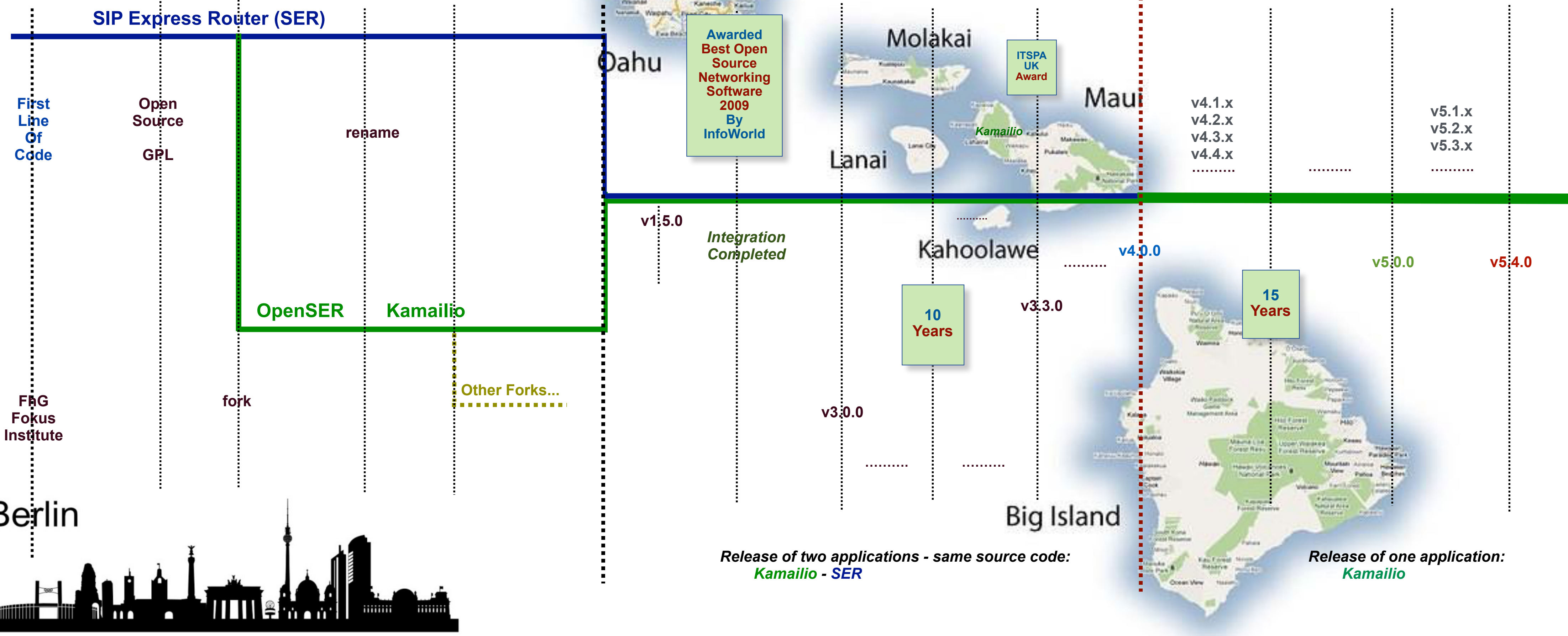


[www.kamailioworld.com](http://www.kamailioworld.com)  
@kamailioworld



Let's Speak SIP = E Kama'ilio SIP

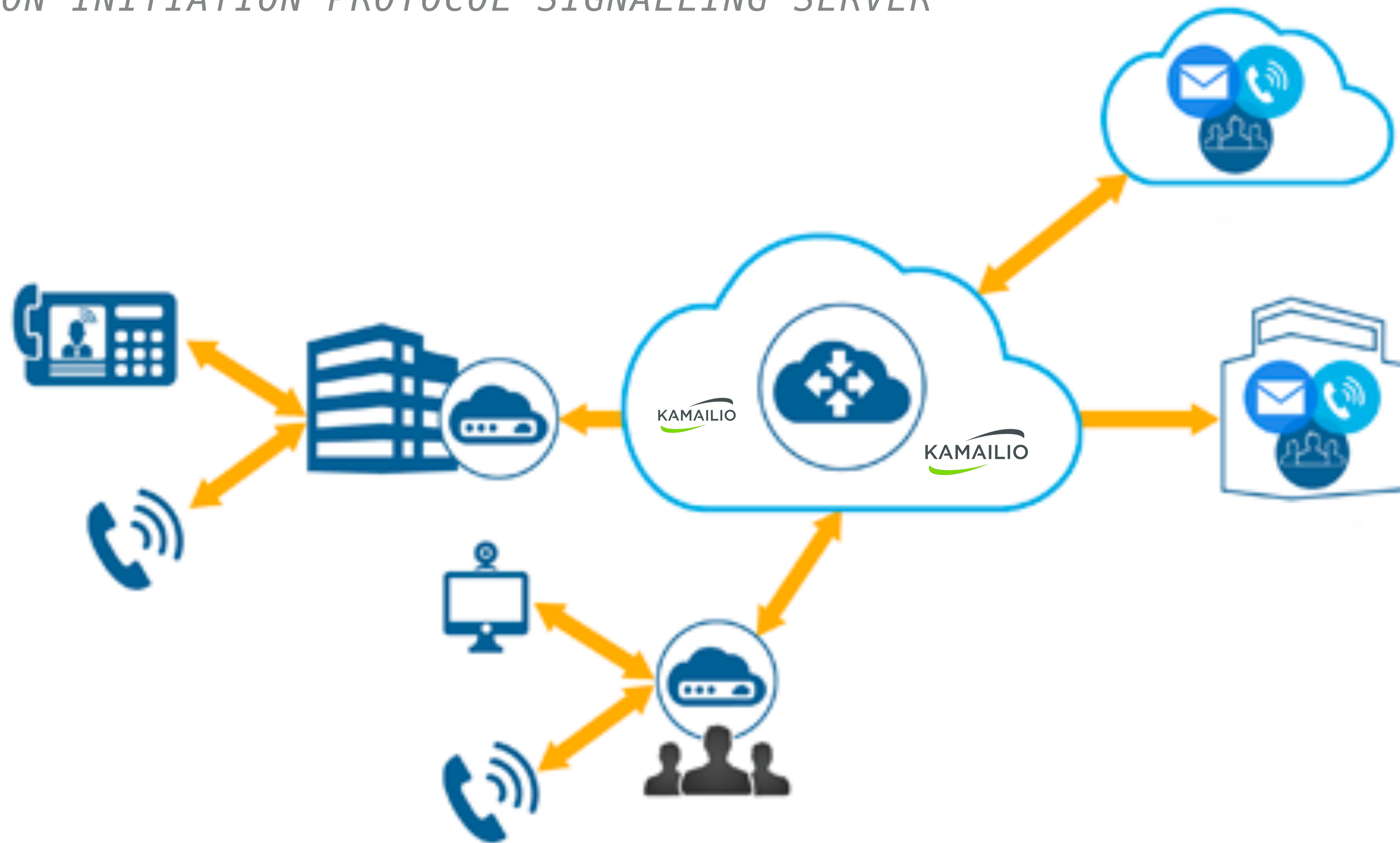
Sep 2001 2002 Jun 2005 Jul 2008 Aug 2008 Nov 2008 Oct 2009 Jan 2010 Sep 2011 Jun 2012 Mar 2013 Sep 2016 Mar 2017 Jul 2020



# KAMAILIO - CONNECTING HUMANS AND DEVICES USING SIP

---

## *SESSION INITIATION PROTOCOL SIGNALLING SERVER*



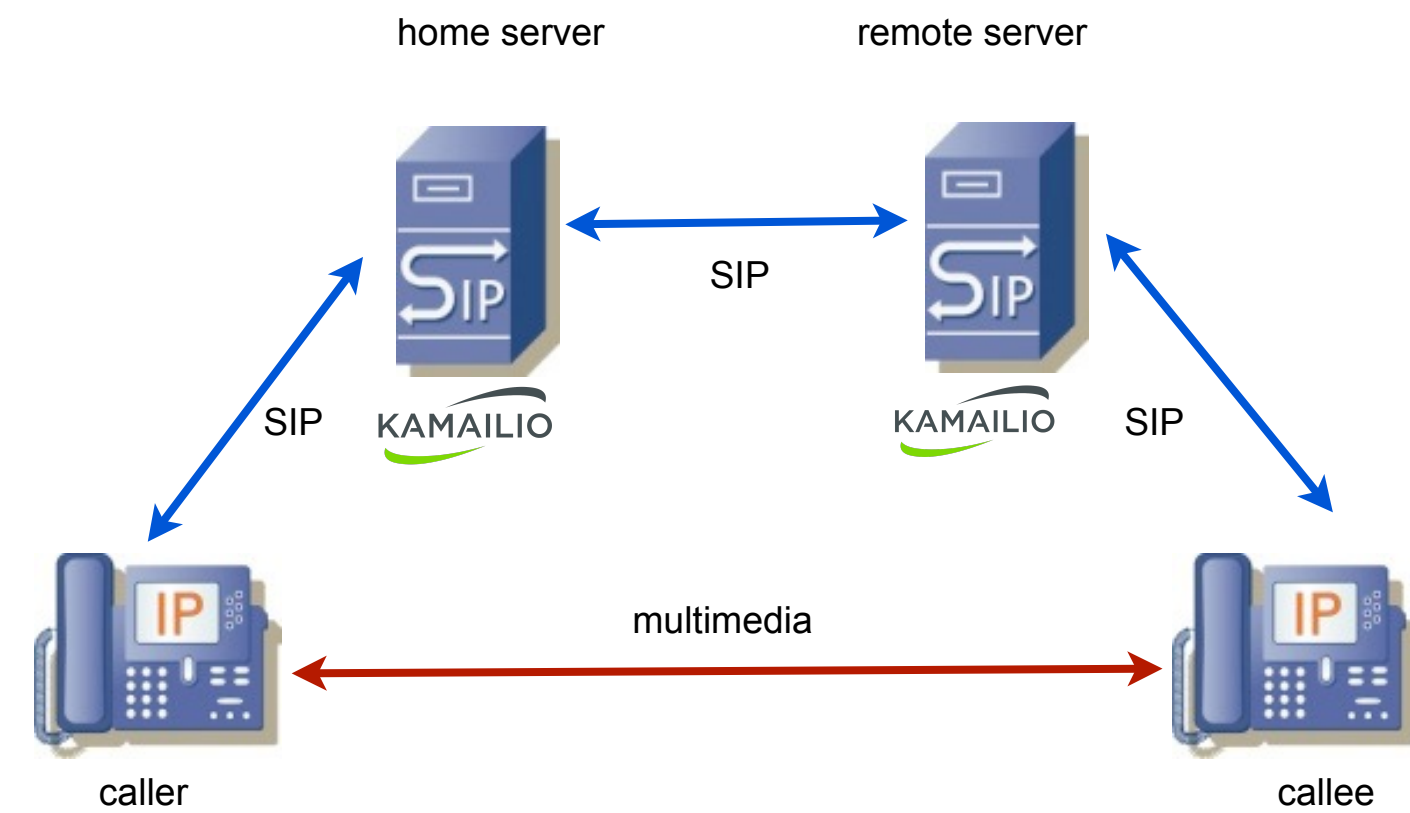
# ABOUT KAMAILIO PROJECT

---

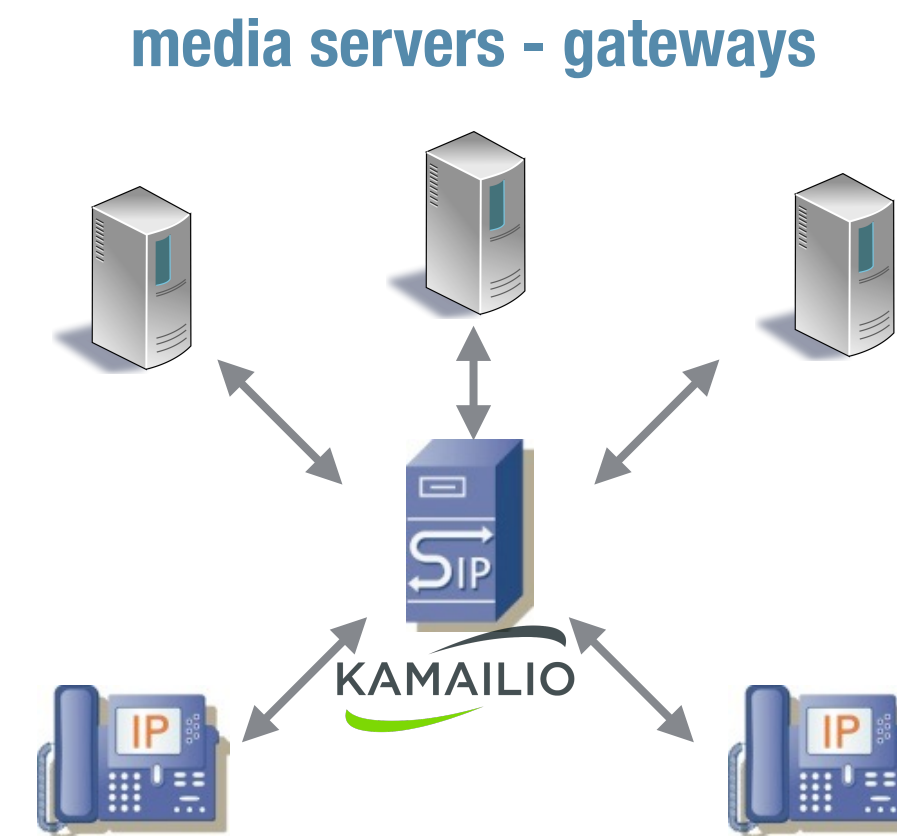
- \* Open Source SIP (IETF RFC3261) Signaling Server implementation, developed since 2001
  - \* started at FhG Fokus Institute, Berlin, Germany
- \* Can be used for VoIP (Voice, Video, VoLTE/IMS, SIP-I/SIP-T), Instant Messaging, Presence, WebRTC, IoT, Diameter, SQL and NoSQL backends
- \* Designed for modularity, flexibility and scalability
  - \* thousands of call setups per second, hundred thousands of connected phones per instance
- \* IPv6/IPv4 - UDP/TCP/TLS/SCTP/WebSocket - asynchronous routing
- \* Classic SIP - WebRTC gateway using Kamailio + RTPEngine
- \* Over 200 modules (extensions) - <https://www.kamailio.org/docs/modules/stable/>
- \* Community management, with over 50 active developers each year
  - \* over 300 contributors over the time
- \* Runs its own conference - Kamailio World
  - \* Berlin, Germany: <https://www.kamailioworld.com>
- \* Used by large telecom, mobile operators and OTT service providers world wide



# COMMON USE CASES



- \* authentication, registration and user location
- \* voice, video, instant messaging and presence
- \* NAT traversal, RTP relaying, webrtc
- \* SIP security firewall - DDoS mitigation, anti-fraud
- \* integration with social networking



- \* load balancer
- \* least cost routing
- \* transport layer gateway (IPv4/IPv6, UDP/TLS)
- \* topology hiding
- \* carriers interconnect

## AMONG FEATURES

---

- \* Implementing IETF RFC3261 and many other RFCs
- \* SIP proxy, registrar and redirect server
- \* Support for IPv4 and IPv6 (since 2002)
- \* Support for UDP, TCP, TLS, SCTP and WebSocket (WebRTC) with asynchronous processing
- \* User authentication: www-digest with md5 or sha256, client TLS certificate
- \* ACL based on source IP, group membership, capability string
- \* Database SQL backends: mysql, postgres, sqlite, oracle, unixodbc
- \* No-SQL backends: redis, mongodb, cassandra, memcached
- \* RADIUS and Diameter support
- \* IMS/VoLTE/5G extensions - I-CSCF, P-CSCF, S-CSCF, online charging, QoS
- \* postpaid and prepaid accounting
- \* DNS NAPTR and SRV routing, DNS caching





## AMONG FEATURES

---

- \* ENUM routing
- \* SIP SIMPLE presence extensions, including embedded XCAP server and client, BLF, SLA
- \* MSRP relay implementation
- \* Instant messaging, custom IM conferencing, offline message storing
- \* Call forwarding, call barring, group calling
- \* Load balancing
- \* Least cost routing
- \* Topology hiding and topology stripping
- \* Integration with mobile devices for push notifications
- \* Registration to remote servers
- \* Number portability
- \* Generic database (pseudo) clustering
- \* Integration with statsd and prometheus



## AMONG FEATURES

---

- \* Connector to Kafka
- \* Active calls tracking, limits for number of active calls
- \* Traffic shaping with number of requests per second, filtered per IP, user ID, ...
- \* User aliases (multiple identities) and short dialing
- \* Multi domain support (hosted PBX services)
- \* Data replication with distributed message queue systems
- \* rabbitmq, nsq and mqtt connectors
- \* Internal message queue for processing offloading
- \* SDP operations (e.g., remove codecs, video media streams)
- \* API-based routing
- \* Event API exposure
- \* STIR/SHAKEN support



• **Website:** <https://www.kamailio.org>

• Development project: <https://github.com/kamailio/kamailio>

• Documentation page: <https://www.kamailio.org/w/documentation/>

• Wiki tutorials: <https://www.kamailio.org/wiki/>

• Bug tracker: <https://github.com/kamailio/kamailio/issues>

• Users mailing list: <https://lists.kamailio.org/cgi-bin/mailman/listinfo/sr-users>

• Realtime channels: IRC: #kamailio (freenode.net) - Matrix: #kamailio (kamailio.dev)

• Business directory: <https://www.kamailio.org/w/business-directory/>

• Download: <https://www.kamailio.org/w/download/> (or OS distro repos)

## Resources



## MAIN COOKBOOKS

---

- \* Core Cookbook
  - \* Global parameters
  - \* Core functions
  - \* Configuration file elements
  - \* Routing blocks
  - \* <https://www.kamailio.org/wiki/cookbooks/5.4.x/core>
- \* Variables Cookbook
  - \* List of variables
  - \* <https://www.kamailio.org/wiki/cookbooks/5.4.x/pseudovariables>
- \* Transformations Cookbook
  - \* List of transformations - sort of functions applied to variables
  - \* <https://www.kamailio.org/wiki/cookbooks/5.4.x/transformations>



# MODULES DOCUMENTATION

<https://www.kamailio.org/docs/modules/stable/>

## KAMAILIO MODULES - v5.4.x (STABLE)

Module	Description	Status
- A - B - C - D - E - F - G - H - I - J - K - L - M - N - O - P - Q - R - S - T - U - V - W - X - Y - Z -		
ACC	Accounting module	released
ACC_DIAMETER	Accounting module for DIAMETER backend	alpha
ACC_JSON	Accounting module generating a JSON document pushed to MQueue	released
ACC_RADIUS	Accounting module for RADIUS backend	released
ALIAS_DB	Database aliases module	released
APP_JAVA	Execute embedded Java applications	released
APP_JSDT	Execute embedded JavaScript scripts	released
APP_LUA	Execute embedded Lua scripts	released
APP_LUA_SR	Export old Lua sr library	released
APP_MONO	Execute embedded managed code (e.g., C#, VisualBasic.NET, Java, Java Script)	released
APP_PERL	Embed execution of Perl functions	released
APP_PYTHON	Execute embedded Python2 scripts	released



# COMMAND LINE PARAMETERS

---

version: kamailio 5.4.0 (x86\_64/darwin) 73c97e

Usage: kamailio [options]

Options:

-a mode        Auto aliases mode: enable with yes or on,  
              disable with no or off

--alias=val    Add an alias, the value has to be '[proto:]hostname[:port]'  
              (like for 'alias' global parameter)

-A define      Add config pre-processor define (e.g., -A WITH\_AUTH,  
              -A 'FLT\_ACC=1', -A 'DEFVAL="str-val"')

-b nr         Maximum receive buffer size which will not be exceeded by  
              auto-probing procedure even if OS allows

-c            Check configuration file for syntax errors

-d            Debugging level control (multiple -d to increase the level from 0)

--debug=val   Debugging level value

-D            Control how daemonize is done:  
              -D..do not fork (almost) anyway;  
              -DD..do not daemonize creator;  
              -DDD..daemonize (default)

-e            Log messages printed in terminal colors (requires -E)

-E            Log to stderr

-f file       Configuration file (default: /tmp/kamailio-5.4/etc/kamailio/kamailio.cfg)

-g gid        Change gid (group id)

-G file       Create a pgid file

-h            This help message

--help       Long option for '-h'

-I            Print more internal compile flags and options

-K            Turn on "via:" host checking when forwarding replies

-l address    Listen on the specified address/interface (multiple -l  
              mean listening on more addresses). The address format is  
              [proto:]addr\_lst[:port][/advaddr],  
              where proto=udp|tcp|tls|sctp,  
              addr\_lst= addr|(addr, addr\_lst),  
              addr=host|ip\_address|interface\_name and  
              advaddr=addr[:port] (advertised address).  
              E.g: -l localhost, -l udp:127.0.0.1:5080, -l eth0:5062,  
              -l udp:127.0.0.1:5080/1.2.3.4:5060,  
              -l "sctp:(eth0)", -l "(eth0, eth1, 127.0.0.1):5065".  
              The default behaviour is to listen on all the interfaces.



## COMMAND LINE PARAMTERS

---

```
--loadmodule=name load the module specified by name
--log-engine=log engine name and data
-L path      Modules search path (default: /tmp/kamailio-5.4/lib64/kamailio/modules)
-m nr       Size of shared memory allocated in Megabytes
--modparam=modname:paramname:type:value set the module parameter
           type has to be 's' for string value and 'i' for int value,
           example: --modparam=corex:alias_subdomains:s:kamailio.org
-M nr       Size of private memory allocated, in Megabytes
-n processes Number of child processes to fork per interface
           (default: 8)
-N          Number of tcp child processes (default: equal to '-n')
-O nr       Script optimization level (debugging option)
-P file     Create a pid file
-Q          Number of sctp child processes (default: equal to '-n')
-r          Use dns to check if is necessary to add a "received="
           field to a via
-R          Same as '-r' but use reverse dns;
           (to use both use '-rR')
--server-id=num set the value for server_id
--subst=exp set a subst preprocessor directive
--substdef=exp set a substdef preprocessor directive
--substdefs=exp set a substdefs preprocessor directive
-S          disable sctp
-t dir      Chroot to "dir"
-T          Disable tcp
-u uid      Change uid (user id)
-v          Version number
--version   Long option for '-v'
-V          Alternative for '-v'
-x name     Specify internal manager for shared memory (shm)
           - can be: fm, qm or tlf
-X name     Specify internal manager for private memory (pkg)
           - if omitted, the one for shm is used
-Y dir     Runtime dir path
-w dir     Change the working directory to "dir" (default: "/")
-W type     poll method (depending on support in OS, it can be: poll,
           epoll_lt, epoll_et, sigio_rt, select, kqueue, /dev/poll)
```



# ARCHITECTURE - SIP TOOLKIT

---

## *BUILDING BLOCKS FOR CREATING SIP ROUTING SYSTEMS*

- ▶ Authentication
- ▶ Authorization
- ▶ Accounting
- ▶ Registration
- ▶ Location
- ▶ Least cost routing
- ▶ Load balancing
- ▶ Encryption
- ▶ ...





---

*AGAIN - BUILDING SIP ROUTING SYSTEMS*

*VOIP - IP TELEPHONY IS A USE CASE OF SIP*

***KNOWING SIP IS VERY IMPORTANT!!!***

***KNOWING SIP IS VERY IMPORTANT!!!***

***KNOWING SIP IS VERY IMPORTANT!!!***

*LEARNING THE BASICS OF SCRIPTING LANGUAGES HELPS A LOT AS WELL*

# SIP: BASIC PROTOCOL ARCHITECTURE

---

- RFC3261 + hundred extensions

request

Start line	<b>INVITE sip:user@sipserver.com SIP/2.0</b>
Message headers	<b>Via: SIP/2.0/UDP</b> <b>10.10.10.10:5060;branch=z9hG4bKxy</b> <b>From: "Me" &lt;sip:me@sipserver.org&gt;;tag=a012</b> <b>To: "User" &lt;sip:user@sipserver.org&gt;</b> <b>Call-ID: d@10.10.10.10</b> <b>CSeq: 1 INVITE</b> <b>Contact: &lt;sip:10.10.10.10:5060&gt;</b> <b>User-Agent: SIPTelephone</b> <b>Content-Type: application/sdp</b> <b>Content-Length: 251</b>
Message body	<b>v=0</b> <b>o=audio1 0 0 IN IP4 10.10.10.10</b> <b>s=session</b> <b>c=IN IP4 10.10.10.10</b> <b>m=audio 54742 RTP/AVP 4 3</b> <b>a=rtpmap:4 G723/8000</b> <b>a=rtpmap:3 GSM/8000</b>

SIP/2.0 200 OK

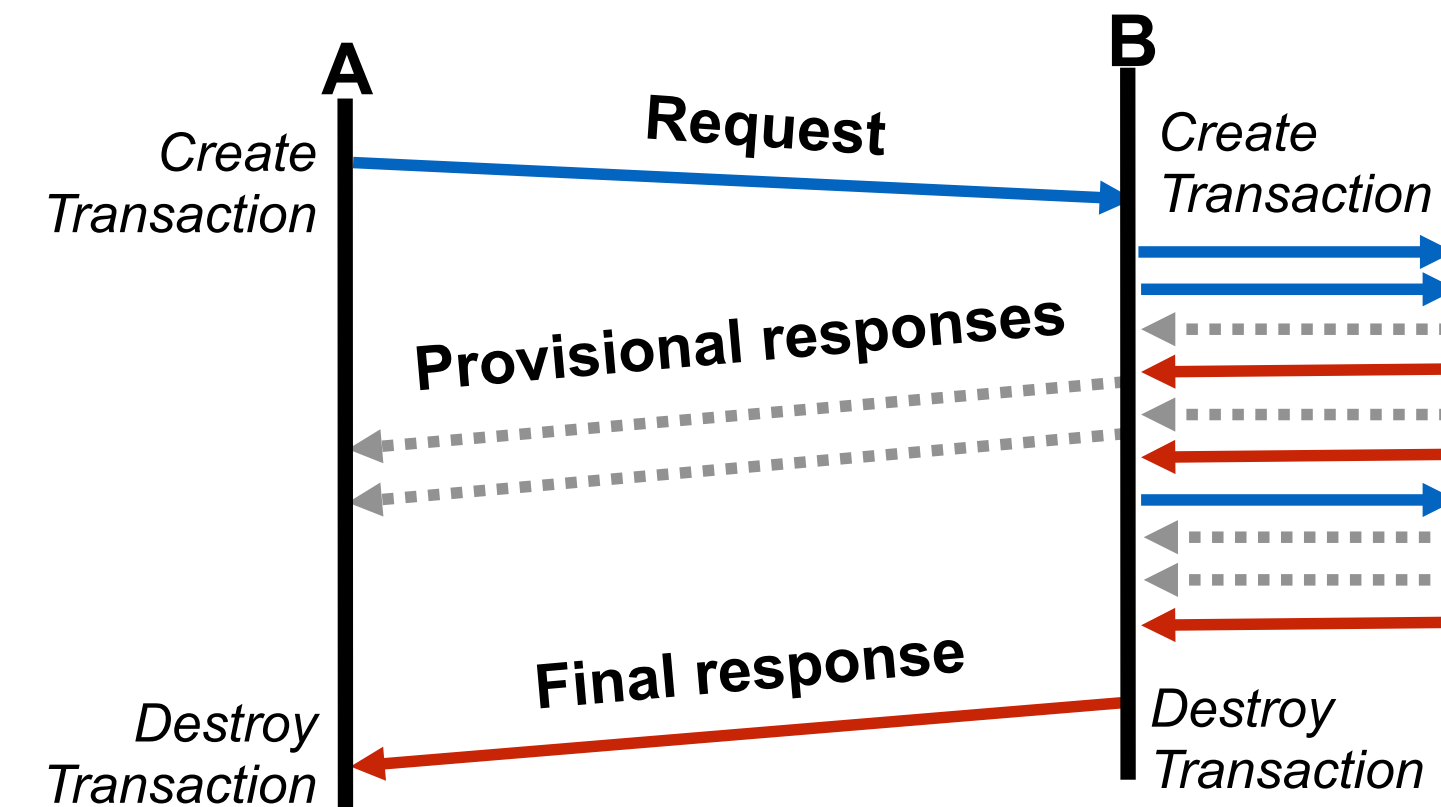
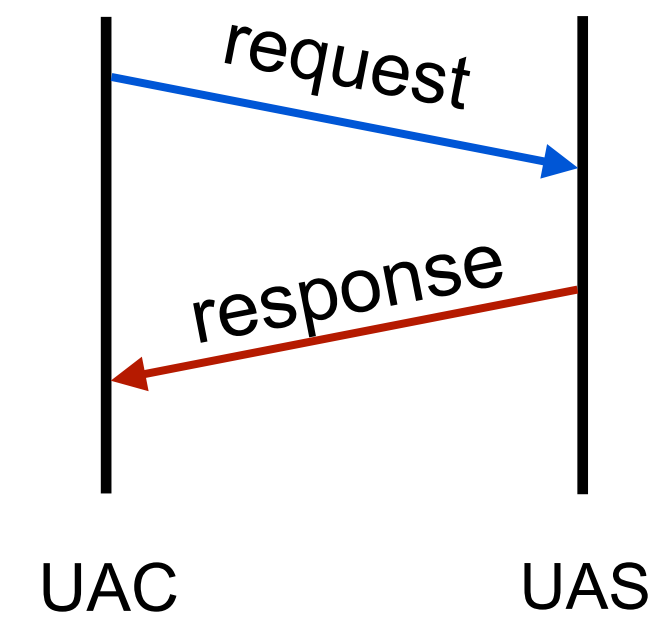
response

Start line	<b>200 OK</b>
Message headers	<b>Via: SIP/2.0/UDP</b> <b>10.10.10.10:5060;branch=z9hG4bKxy</b> <b>From: "Me" &lt;sip:me@sipserver.org&gt;;tag=a012</b> <b>To: "User" &lt;sip:user@sipserver.org&gt;;tag=b034</b> <b>Call-ID: d@10.10.10.10</b> <b>CSeq: 1 INVITE</b> <b>Contact: &lt;sip:10.10.10.20:5060&gt;</b> <b>User-Agent: SIPSoftPhone</b> <b>Content-Type: application/sdp</b> <b>Content-Length: 123</b>
Message body	<b>v=0</b> <b>o=audio2 0 0 IN IP4 10.10.10.20</b> <b>s=session</b> <b>c=IN IP4 10.10.10.20</b> <b>m=audio 62043 RTP/AVP 0 4</b>

response == reply

# SIP - THE BASIC KEY CONCEPTS

- \* SIP request
- \* SIP reply (response)
  - \* Provisional: 100 - 199
  - \* Successful: 200-299
  - \* Failure: 300-699
- \* SIP transaction
- \* SIP dialog
- \* SIP Request URI
- \* SIP headers
  - \* Call-Id, CSeq
  - \* From, To — and the tag parameter
  - \* Contact, Via, Record-Route, Route
- \* Session Description Protocol (SDP)



# CONFIGURATION FILE: SCRIPTING SIP ROUTING

---

## ▶ Two main roles

- ▶ Kamailio application initialization
  - ▶ Done once at startup (passive scope)
  - ▶ Global parameters, loading modules and modules' parameters
  - ▶ Many values can be changed at runtime via RPC (no restart)
- ▶ Rules for handling SIP traffic
  - ▶ Done during runtime to decide the routing of SIP messages
  - ▶ No reload without restart for native kamailio.cfg scripting language
  - ▶ KEMI routing scripts can be reloaded without restart (v5.0+)

## ▶ Scripting languages

- ▶ Native scripting language
  - ▶ Initially designed in 2001-2002, built from scratch
- ▶ Kamailio Embedded Interface (KEMI) languages
  - ▶ Introduced in v5.0
  - ▶ Reuse existing scripting languages
  - ▶ Support for Lua, Python 2/3, JavaScript, Ruby, Squirrel language
  - ▶ Allow reloading of scripts without restart
- ▶ Inline execution of scripting languages or REST-API based routing
  - ▶ Can be executed inside native scripting language
  - ▶ Support for Lua, JavaScript, Python, Perl, .Net (C#, ...), Squirrel, Java

```
# global settings
#!define FLT_ACC 1
debug=9
fork=no
listen=192.168.1.34:5060
...
pstn.gw = 1.2.3.4" desc "pstn
gateway ip"
...
```

```
# module settings
mpath="/usr/local/lib/kamailio/modules/"
loadmodule="tm.so"
...
modparam("tm", "fr_inv_timer", 30000)
.....
```

```
# routing blocks
request_route {
    xlog("request received from $si\n");
    if($si=="10.1.2.10") {
        route(REDIRECT);
    } else {
        $rd = "10.1.2.5";
    }
    t_on_reply("LOGRPL");
    t_relay();
}
route[REDIRECT] {
    $rd = "10.1.2.3";
    send_reply("302", "Redirected");
    exit;
}
onreply_route[LOGRPL] {
    xlog("response received from $si\n");
}
...
```

# KEMI Framework

Empowering Kamailio Since 2016

- introduced in Kamailio v5.0.0
  - use other scripting languages for writing SIP routing logic (route blocks)
  - exports a function one time and becomes available in embedded interpreters
  - ***allows reloading routing script without restart***
  - ***enables the use of an extensive number of extensions available in the scripting languages***
  - ***lua, python2, python3, javascript, ruby, squirrel***



<http://kamailio.org/docs/tutorials/devel/kamailio-kemi-framework/>

# Seeing Is Believing



```
298 # Routing to foreign domains
299 route[SIP0UT] {
300     if (uri==myself) return;
301
302     append_hf("P-hint: outbound\r\n");
303     route(RELAY);
304     exit;
305 }
```

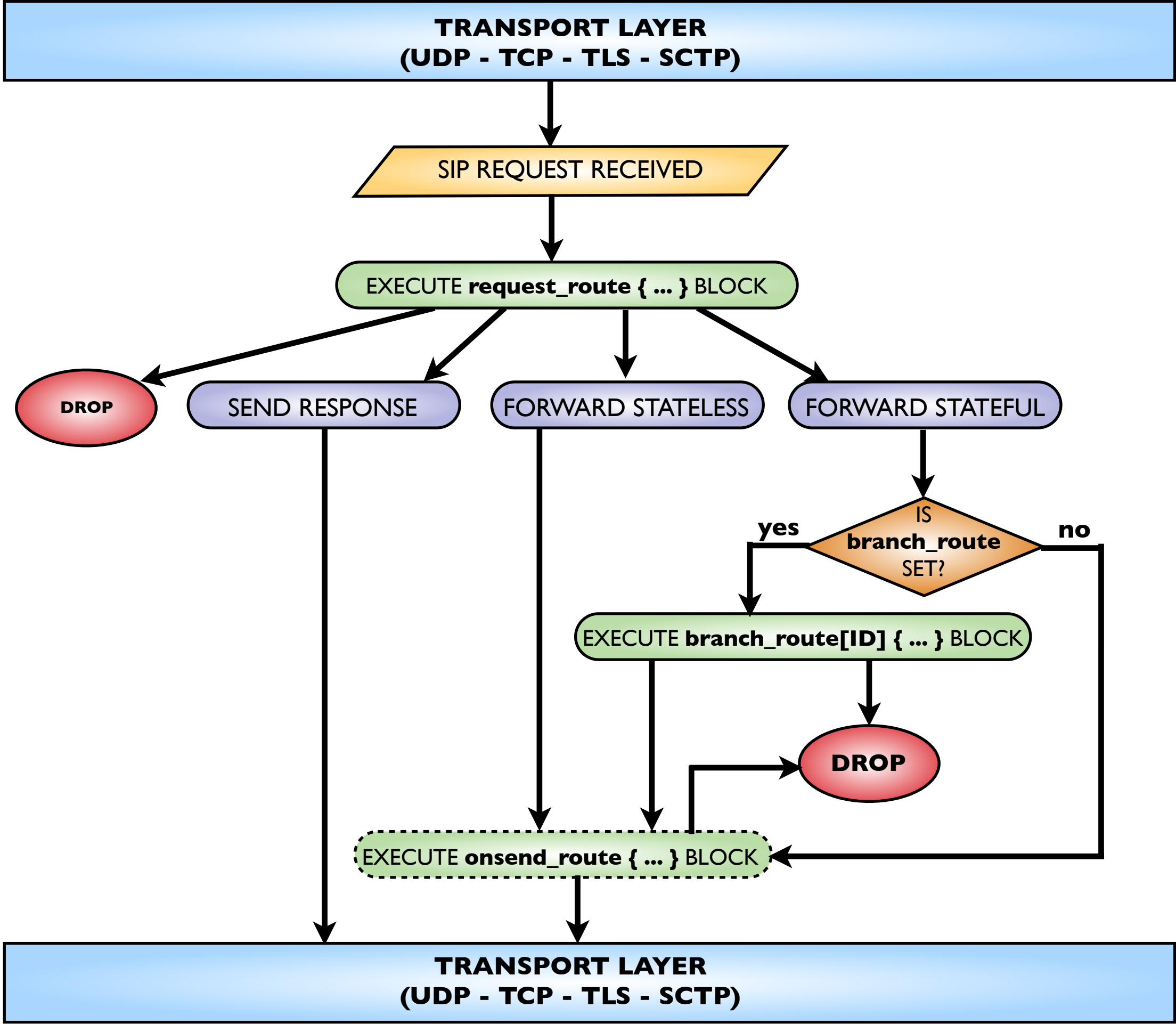
```
324 -- Routing to foreign domains
325 function ksr_route_sipout()
326     if KSR.is_myself(KSR.pv.get("$ru")) then return 1; end
327
328     KSR.hdr.append_hf("P-Hint: outbound\r\n");
329     ksr_route_relay();
330     KSR.x.exit();
331 end
```

```
332 # Routing to foreign domains
333 def ksr_route_sipout(self, msg):
334     if KSR.is_myself(KSR.pv.get("$ru")) :
335         return 1;
336
337     KSR.hdr.append("P-Hint: outbound\r\n");
338     self.ksr_route_relay(msg);
339     return -255;
```

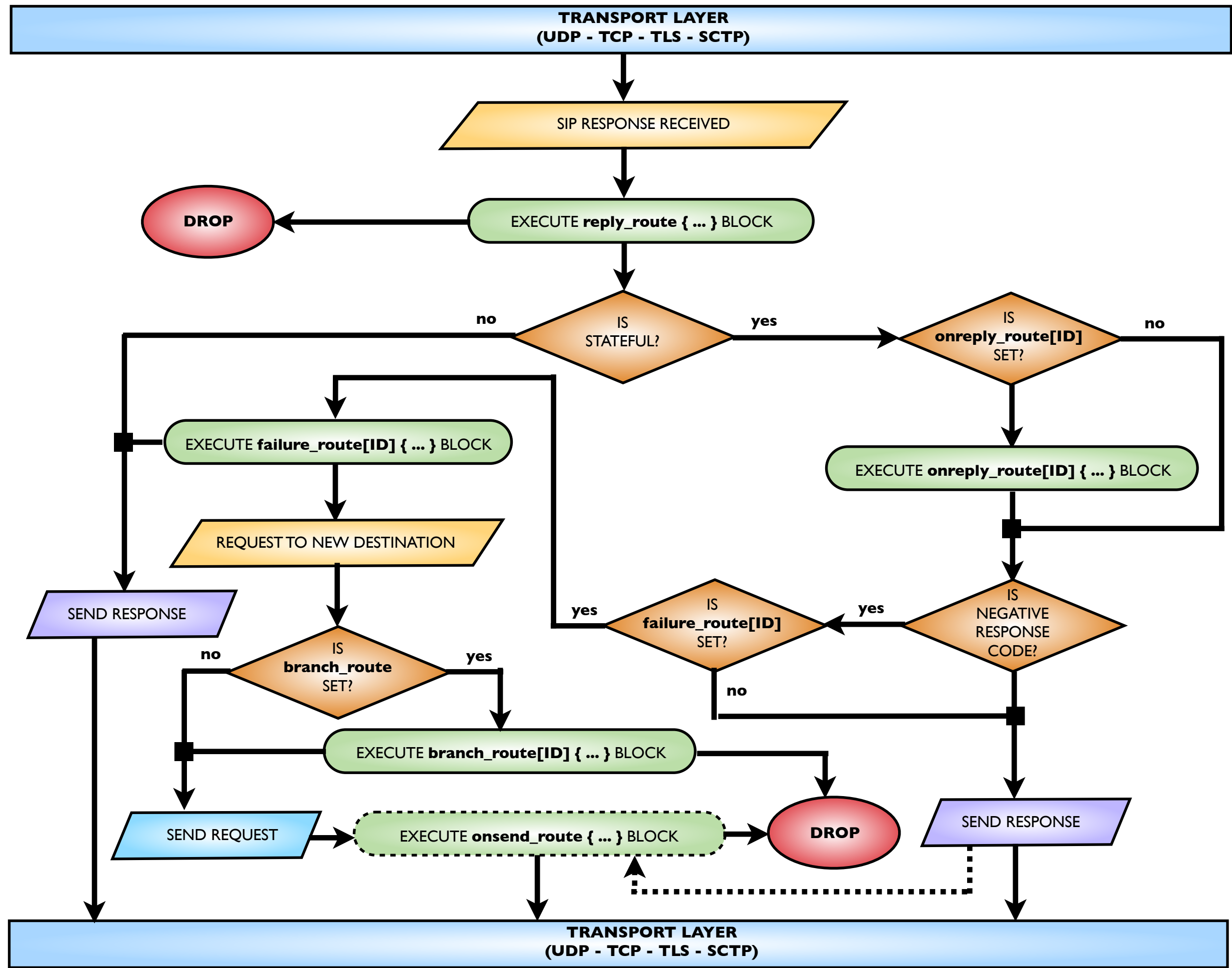
## DEFAULT CONFIGURATION FILE

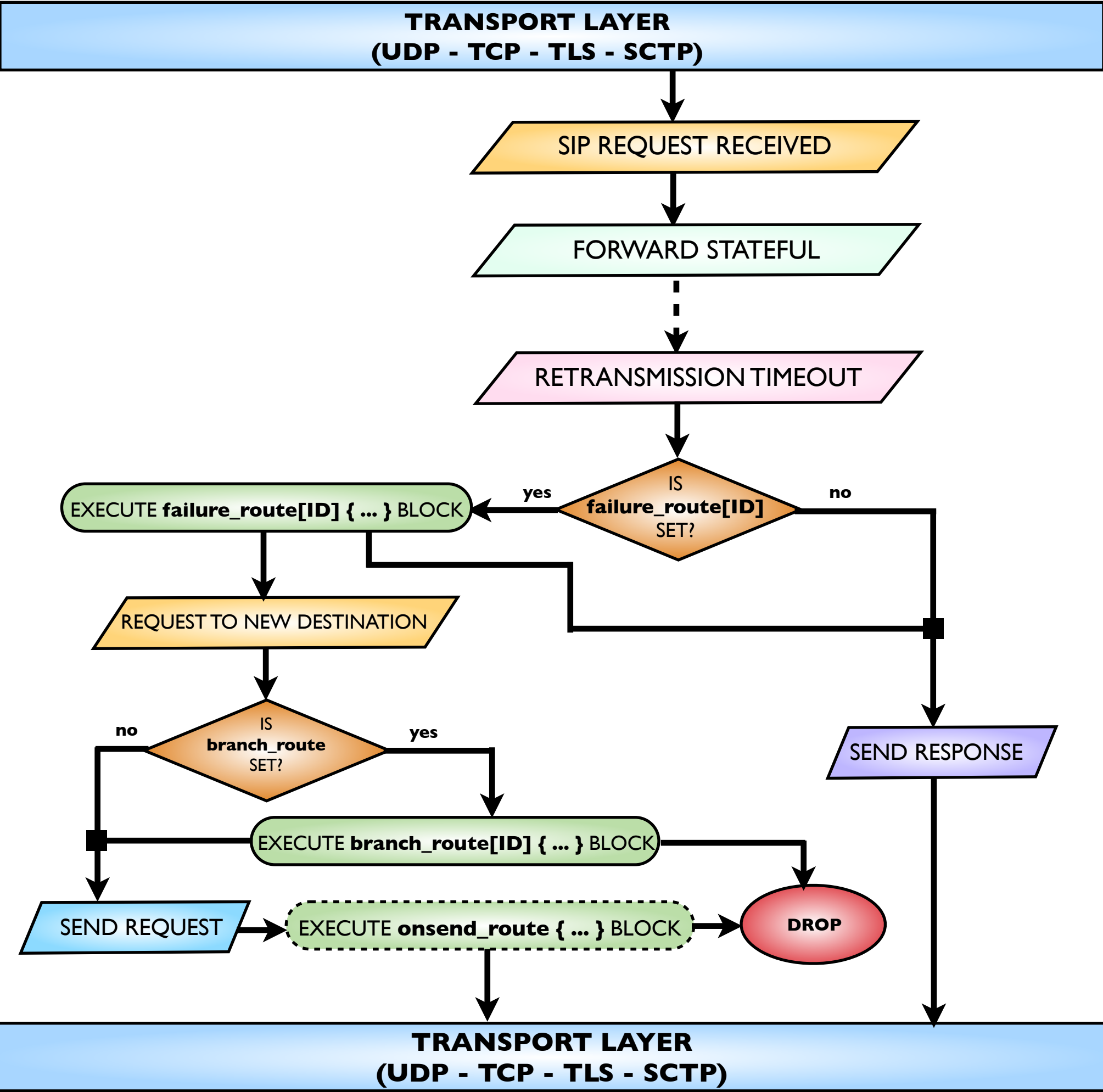
---

<https://github.com/kamailio/kamailio/blob/5.4/etc/kamailio.cfg>





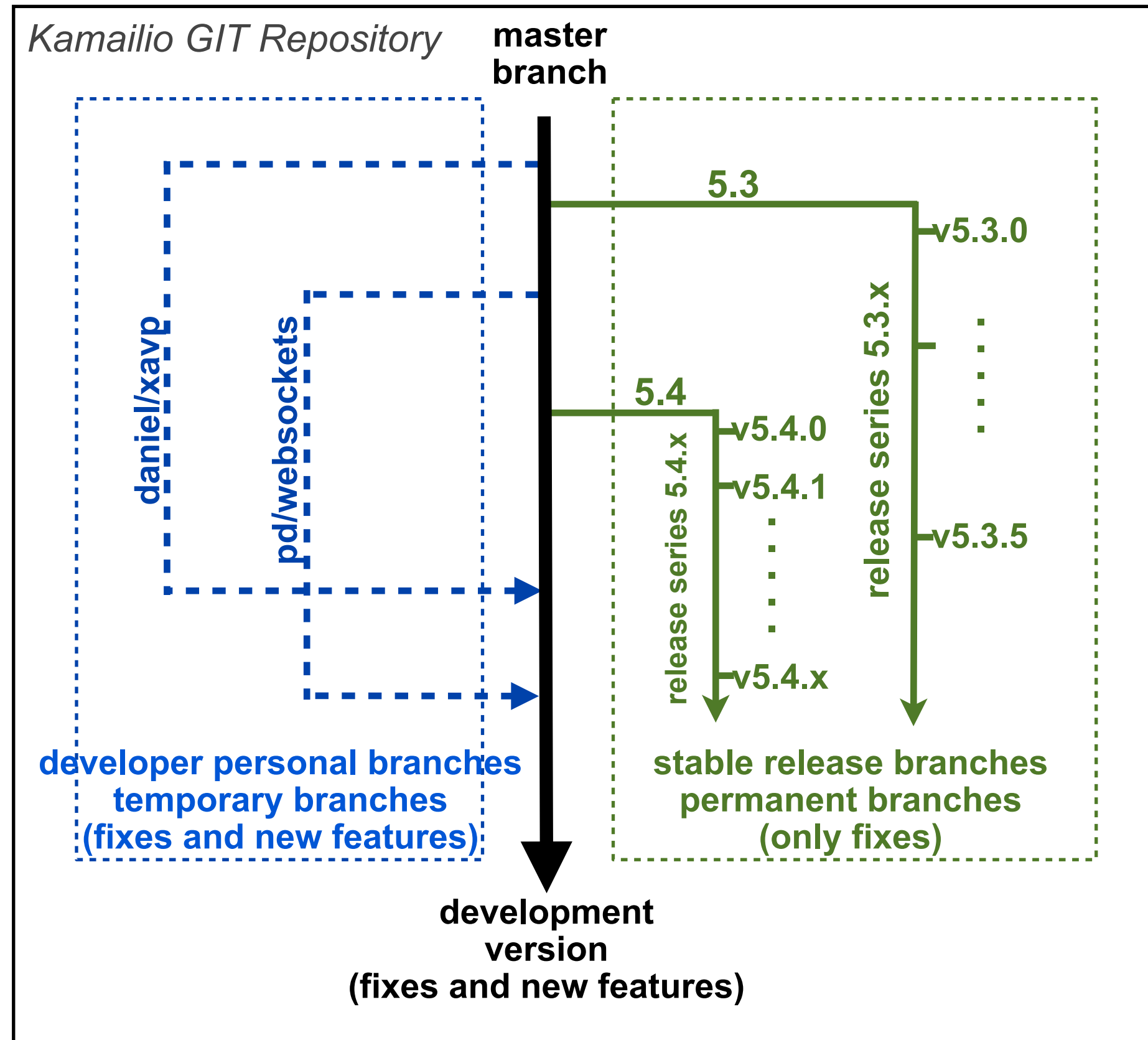






**Kamailio**

GIT Repo & Releases





# Kamailio

## Basic Debugging

# LOGGING FUNCTIONS

---

- **core** - log messages with static strings
  - **`log([level], message);`**
    - *level* – integer value, lower value is higher priority
    - *message* – static string message
  - `log(1, "this is one message\n")`
  - `log("this is a second message\n")`
- **xlog** module - log messages with dynamic string
  - log levels and log files
  - **`xlog("level", "message");`**
    - *level* – string of level id
    - *message* – dynamic string message
  - **`xdbg("message");`**
    - *message* – dynamic string message

`xlog("L_ERR", "the SIP method is $rm and RURI is $ru\n")`

- core parameters:
  - **debug** - sets the log level threshold for selecting printed messages
  - **log\_stderr** - print log messages to stderr or syslog
  - **log\_facility** - select the syslog facility where to print messages
  - **log\_name** - name of the application to use in syslog messages
  - **log\_color** - print using different colors for log levels (for stderr)
  - **log\_prefix** - add a prefix to all log messages printed when routing SIP
- log levels
  - **L\_ALERT** (-5) - should be used if the error requires immediate action.
  - **L\_BUG** (-4) - should be used for bug detected cases
  - **L\_CRIT** (-2) - should be used if the error is a critical situation.
  - **L\_ERR** (-1) - should be used to report errors during data processing which do not cause system malfunctioning.
  - **L\_WARN** (0) - should be used to write warning messages.
  - **L\_NOTICE** (1) - should be used to report unusual situations.
  - **L\_INFO** (2) - should be used to write informational messages.
  - **L\_DBG** (3) - should be used to write messages for debugging.

# BENCHMARKING

---

- **core** - latency logs
  - `latency_cfg_log` - (level) - execution time for `request_route` and `reply_route`
  - `latency_limit_action` - (milli-secs) - limit to print log message when action was slower
  - `latency_limit_db` - (milli-secs) - limit to print log message when a DB query was slower
  - `latency_log` - (level) - which level to be used for latency limits logs
- **benchmark** module - how long it takes to execute a part of config script
  - microsecond precision
  - nanosecond precision when compiled with `librt`
  - metrics of average execution time for a `bm-timer`

```
...  
bm_start_timer("usrloc-lookup");  
lookup("location");  
bm_log_timer("usrloc-lookup");  
...
```

# DEBUGGER MODULE

---

- Step by step execution of configuration file - gdb-like analysis
  - Interactive - commands via RPC interface - not for production systems
  - Run with one SIP worker to be easy to spot the PID
  - Can print values for variables at each execution step
- Config file execution trace
  - Print log messages with executed actions in config
  - Can be enabled for production if needed (still be careful)
- Per module log level
- Print modified SIP message in logs
- Log details about assign actions
- Print all config variables

```
...  
modparam("debugger", "cfgtrace", 1)  
...
```

```
...  
9(6285) ERROR: *** cfgtrace: c=[/etc/kamailio/debugger.cfg] l=368 a=6 n=route  
9(6285) ERROR: *** cfgtrace: c=[/etc/kamailio/debugger.cfg] l=461 a=17 n=if  
9(6285) ERROR: *** cfgtrace: c=[/etc/kamailio/debugger.cfg] l=456 a=26 n=mf_process_max  
9(6285) ERROR: *** cfgtrace: c=[/etc/kamailio/debugger.cfg] l=466 a=17 n=if  
9(6285) ERROR: *** cfgtrace: c=[/etc/kamailio/debugger.cfg] l=461 a=27 n=sanity_check  
9(6285) ERROR: *** cfgtrace: c=[/etc/kamailio/debugger.cfg] l=371 a=6 n=route  
9(6285) ERROR: *** cfgtrace: c=[/etc/kamailio/debugger.cfg] l=659 a=3 n=return  
9(6285) ERROR: *** cfgtrace: c=[/etc/kamailio/debugger.cfg] l=374 a=6 n=route  
9(6285) ERROR: *** cfgtrace: c=[/etc/kamailio/debugger.cfg] l=501 a=17 n=if  
9(6285) ERROR: *** cfgtrace: c=[/etc/kamailio/debugger.cfg] l=470 a=25 n=has_totag  
9(6285) ERROR: *** cfgtrace: c=[/etc/kamailio/debugger.cfg] l=386 a=17 n=if  
9(6285) ERROR: *** cfgtrace: c=[/etc/kamailio/debugger.cfg] l=379 a=26 n=is_method  
9(6285) ERROR: *** cfgtrace: c=[/etc/kamailio/debugger.cfg] l=386 a=25 n=t_check_trans  
9(6285) ERROR: *** cfgtrace: c=[/etc/kamailio/debugger.cfg] l=389 a=6 n=route  
9(6285) ERROR: *** cfgtrace: c=[/etc/kamailio/debugger.cfg] l=643 a=3 n=return  
9(6285) ERROR: *** cfgtrace: c=[/etc/kamailio/debugger.cfg] l=393 a=26 n=remove_hf  
9(6285) ERROR: *** cfgtrace: c=[/etc/kamailio/debugger.cfg] l=398 a=17 n=if  
9(6285) ERROR: *** cfgtrace: c=[/etc/kamailio/debugger.cfg] l=394 a=26 n=is_method
```



# CONFIG SYNTAX ERRORS

---

***~# kamailio -c***

loading modules under modules

0(52953) : <core> [cfg.y:3411]: yyerror\_at(): parse error in config file **/etc/kamailio/kamailio.cfg**, line **65**, column 5: syntax error

0(52953) : <core> [cfg.y:3411]: yyerror\_at(): parse error in config file **/etc/kamailio/kamailio.cfg**, line **65**, column 5: '('' expected (function call)

***~# kamailio -c -f /path/to/file.cfg***

***~# kamailio -c -E -dd***

***ONLY SYNTAX ERROR - DOESN'T DETECT STARTUP MISCONFIGURATIONS (E.G., WRONG DB PASSWORD)***

## OTHER MODULES AND TOOLS

---

- **cfgutils** module
  - show pkg and shm statistics
  - abort()
    - crash on purpose and get a core file
  - conditions in configuration file based on sip traffic or timer routines
- **cfgt** module
  - write a JSON report of config file execution
  - executed actions, variables, ...
  - targeting unit testing
- **siptrace** module
  - write sip traffic to database table
- **sipdump** module
  - write sip traffic and metadata to text files with time-based rotation
- **kamctl**, **kamcli** and **kamcmd**
  - control debug level
  - dump the values for some variables, hash tables, memory structures
  - get internal statistics
    - *kamctl stats*
    - *kamctl rpc pkg.stats*



**Kamailio**

Related Applications

# KAMCTL

~# kamctl help

Existing commands:

-- command 'start|stop|restart|trap'

trap ..... trap with gdb Kamailio processes  
restart ..... restart Kamailio  
start ..... start Kamailio  
stop ..... stop Kamailio

-- command 'acl' - manage access control lists (acl)

acl show [<username>] ..... show user membership  
acl grant <username> <group> ..... grant user membership (\*)  
acl revoke <username> [<group>] .... grant user membership(s) (\*)

*Manage users - add, remove, change password*

**# kamctl add alice@wonderland.com mypasswd**

~# kamctl add help

-- command 'add|passwd|rm' - manage subscribers

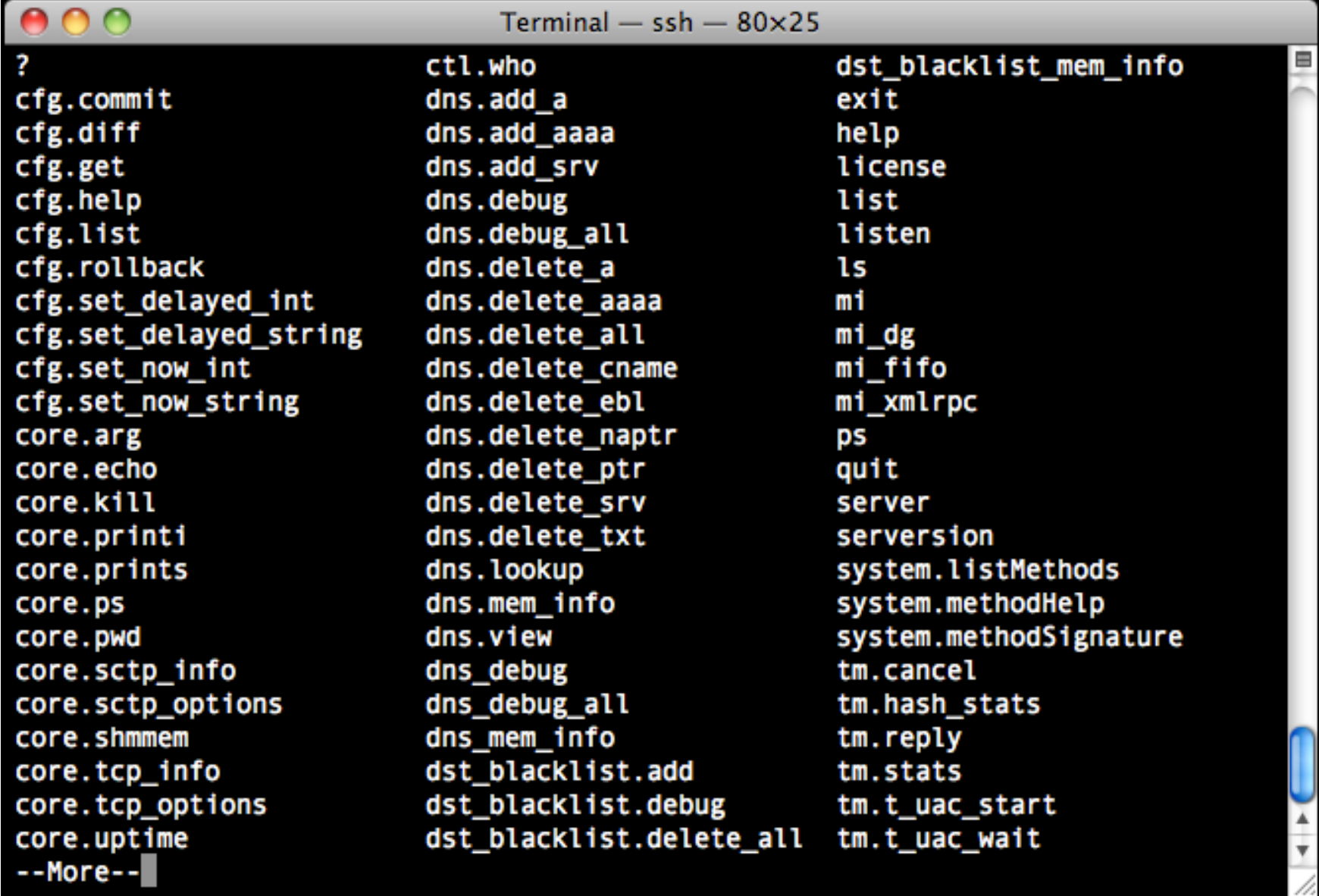
add <username> <password> ..... add a new subscriber (\*)  
show <username> ..... show subscriber attributes (\*)  
passwd <username> <passwd> ..... change user's password (\*)  
rm <username> ..... delete a user (\*)  
sets <username> <attr> <val> ..... set string attribute (column value)  
setn <username> <attr> <val> ..... set numeric attribute (column value)

# KAMCMD - KAMCLI

---

- **kamcmd** - part of Kamailio source tree (utils/kamcmd/)

- a binrpc cli for Kamailio's ctl module written in C
- previously named sercmd
- installed along with ctl module
- auto-completion for rpc command name
  - based on readline library



```
Terminal — ssh — 80x25
?
cfg.commit      dns.add_a      dst_blacklist_mem_info
cfg.diff        dns.add_aaaa   exit
cfg.get         dns.add_srv    help
cfg.help        dns.debug      license
cfg.list        dns.debug_all  list
cfg.rollback    dns.delete_a   listen
cfg.set_delayed_int dns.delete_aaaa ls
cfg.set_delayed_string dns.delete_all mi
cfg.set_now_int dns.delete_all_mi_dg
cfg.set_now_string dns.delete_cname mi_fifo
core.arg         dns.delete_ebl mi_xmlrpc
core.echo        dns.delete_naptr ps
core.kill        dns.delete_ptr quit
core.printi      dns.delete_srv server
core.prints      dns.delete_txt serverversion
core.ps          dns.lookup     system.listMethods
core.pwd         dns.mem_info   system.methodHelp
core.sctp_info   dns.view       system.methodSignature
core.sctp_options dns_debug      tm.cancel
core.shmmem      dns_debug_all  tm.hash_stats
core.tcp_info    dns_mem_info   tm.reply
core.tcp_options dst_blacklist.add tm.stats
core.uptime      dst_blacklist.debug tm.t_uac_start
--More--         dst_blacklist.delete_all tm.t_uac_wait
```

- ❖ **kamcli** - rather new Kamailio command line interface tool

- ❖ written in Python
- ❖ extensible via modules
- ❖ easier to handle input values and format output
- ❖ uses RPC (e.g., JSONRPC) control interface

- ❖ <https://github.com/kamailio/kamcli>

```
$ kamcli --help
$ kamcli <command> --help
$ kamcli <command> <subcommand> --help
```

# SIREMIS - WEB MANAGEMENT INTERFACE

<https://www.siremis.org> - <https://github.com/asipto/siremis>

The screenshot displays the SIREMIS 3.2 web management interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with 'Administration' and 'SER Menu' tabs. The main content area is divided into several sections:

- SER Admin Sidebar:** A vertical menu on the left containing categories like Subscriber Services, Server Services, ACL Services, Routing Services, Accounting Services, Presence Services, and Command Services. The 'Chart Services' category is expanded, showing options like SHM Charts, Load Charts, TM Charts, UsrLoc Charts, UsrLoc Stats, Acc Charts, and Acc Summary.
- Acc Summary Table:** A table showing call statistics for different periods.
 

Period	INVITE - ALL	INVITE - 200	INVITE - 404	INVITE - 487	INVITE - XYZ	BYE - ALL	ALL RECORDS
Last 72 Hours	143	143	0	0	0	162	305
Last 48 Hours	105	105	0	0	0	121	226
Last 24 Hours	68	68	0	0	0	80	148
5 To 4 Hours Ago	9	9	0	0	0	8	17
4 To 3 Hours Ago	1	1	0	0	0	2	3
3 To 2 Hours Ago	8	8	0	0	0	8	16
2 To 1 Hours Ago	4	4	0	0	0	4	8
Last Hour	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
- Charts Service Panel:** A section containing two line charts:
  - Rcv Reqs - From 2011-12-13 14:16:22 To 2011-12-14 10:06:23:** A line chart showing the load of received requests over time, with values ranging from approximately 3,847 to 4,617.
  - Rcv Reqs - From 2011-12-13 14:16:22 To 2011-12-14 10:06:23:** A line chart showing the load of forwarded requests, with values ranging from 24 to 30.
- Supported SIP Methods:** A bar chart showing the frequency of various SIP methods. The 'NONE' method has the highest frequency, exceeding 400.
- Contacts and NAT Stats:** A bar chart showing statistics for different contacts and NAT configurations, with values ranging from 542.4 to 678.



## **SIP Tools**

Monitor And Analyze SIP Network Traffic  
Generate SIP Traffic

# SIPSAK

---

- Generate SIP traffic
- Shoot a SIP OPTIONS request
  - `sipsak -s sip:test@sipserver.com`
- Simulate various SIP scenario: registration, stress test, call test, message test, ...
- Usually available as package in the distro

```
$ ../test/sipsak/sipsak -h
sipsak 0.9.7pre by Nils Ohlmeier
Copyright (C) 2002-2004 FhG Fokus
Copyright (C) 2004-2005 Nils Ohlmeier
report bugs to nils@sipsak.org

shoot : sipsak [-f FILE] [-L] -s SIPURI
trace : sipsak -T -s SIPURI
usrloc : sipsak -U [-I|M] [-b NUMBER] [-e NUMBER] [-x NUMBER] [-z NUMBER] -s SIPURI
usrloc : sipsak -I|M [-b NUMBER] [-e NUMBER] -s SIPURI
usrloc : sipsak -U [-C SIPURI] [-x NUMBER] -s SIPURI
message: sipsak -M [-B STRING] [-O STRING] [-c SIPURI] -s SIPURI
flood  : sipsak -F [-e NUMBER] -s SIPURI
random : sipsak -R [-t NUMBER] -s SIPURI

additional parameter in every mode:
[-a PASSWORD] [-d] [-i] [-H HOSTNAME] [-I PORT] [-m NUMBER] [-n] [-N]
[-r PORT] [-v] [-V] [-w]
...
```



# SIPP

---

- Generate SIP traffic
- Run as UAC or UAS and generate traffic
  - `sipp -sn uac sipserver.com`
- Scenarios are defined in xml files and can be a sequence of SIP requests and responses, with or without RTP
- Usually available as package in the distro (can be named sip-scenario)

```
$ sipp -h

Usage:

sipp remote_host[:remote_port] [options]

Example:

Run SIPP with embedded server (uas) scenario:
./sipp -sn uas
On the same host, run SIPP with embedded client (uac) scenario:
./sipp -sn uac 127.0.0.1

Available options:

*** Scenario file options:

-sd      : Dumps a default scenario (embedded in the SIPP executable)
-sf      : Loads an alternate XML scenario file. To learn more about XML scenario
...

```

**<http://sipp.sourceforge.net/>**  
**<https://github.com/SIPp/sipp>**

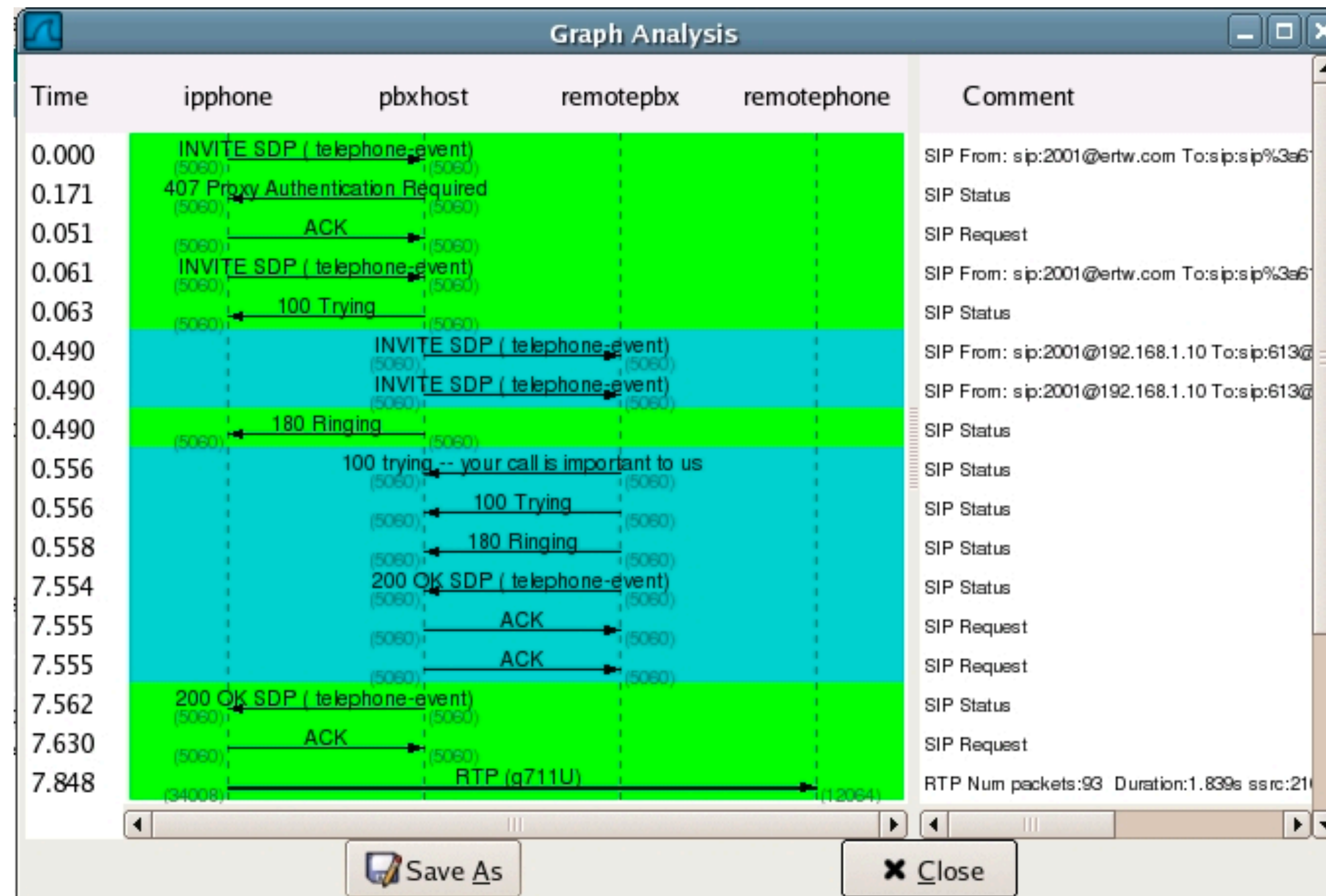
## OTHER SIP TRAFFIC GENERATORS

---

- protoshoot - inside Kamailio source tree: misc/tools/protoshoot
  - [Send SIP messages stored in a file via UDP or TCP \(replay a SIP message\)](#)
- wsctl - send traffic over WebSocket
  - <https://github.com/miconda/wsctl>
- pjsua - comprehensive command line SIP user agent from PjSIP project
  - <https://www.pjsip.org/pjsua.htm>
- baresip - command line SIP user agent
  - <https://github.com/alfredh/baresip>

# WIRESHARK

- The most popular network traffic sniffer and analyzer with GUI (Linux, MacOS, Windows)
  - Tshark - command line variant
- <http://www.wireshark.org>



# SNGREP

- Terminal based SIP traffic sniffer with call flow
  - Uses ncurses to draw call flows
- <https://github.com/irontec/sngrep>

```
Call flow for 2 dialogs (Color by Call-Id)
10.210.146.60:5060      10.210.1.1:5060      194.30.0.111:5060
14:53:48.033329      INVITE (SDP)
14:53:48.033607      401 Unauthorized
14:53:48.050436      ACK
14:53:48.055316      INVITE (SDP)
14:53:48.056378      100 Trying
14:53:48.297525      INVITE (SDP)
14:53:48.298568      407 Proxy Authentication R
14:53:48.298690      ACK
14:53:48.298864      INVITE (SDP)
14:53:48.666717      100 trying -- your call is
14:53:49.007147      183 Session Progress (SDP)
14:53:49.007667      183 Session Progress (SDP)
14:54:13.231949      CANCEL
14:54:13.232322      487 Request Terminated
14:54:13.232405      200 OK
14:54:13.232862      CANCEL

INVITE sip:0916826370@10.210.1.1:5060 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP 10.210.146.60:5060;branch=z9hG
K-a3dd39d8
From: <sip:CCQ16421Y8Z@10.210.1.1>;tag=9c0b7800
518f98o0
To: <sip:0916826370@10.210.1.1>
Call-ID: e1bfce20-2cac2ff8@10.210.146.60
CSeq: 101 INVITE
Max-Forwards: 70
Contact: <sip:CCQ16421Y8Z@10.210.146.60:5060>
Expires: 240
User-Agent: Cisco/SPA504G-7.5.4
Content-Length: 211
Allow: ACK, BYE, CANCEL, INFO, INVITE, NOTIFY,
TIONS, REFER, UPDATE, MESSAGE
Supported: replaces
Content-Type: application/sdp

v=0
o=- 2652992793 2652992793 IN IP4 10.210.146.60
s=-
c=IN IP4 10.210.146.60
t=0 0
m=audio 16736 RTP/AVP 8 0 18
a=rtpmap:8 PCMA/8000
a=rtpmap:0 PCMU/8000
a=rtpmap:18 G729a/8000
a=ptime:20
a=sendrecv
```

## OTHER SIP TRAFFIC MONITORING TOOLS

---

- ngrep - terminal tool - <https://github.com/jpr5/ngrep> - <http://ngrep.sourceforge.net/usage.html>
  - [Print text payload of SIP traffic](#)
- sipgrep - terminal tool - <https://github.com/sipcapture/sipgrep>
- tcpdump - terminal tool - <https://www.tcpdump.org/>
- sipcapture - web gui - <http://sipcapture.org>
- sip3 - web gui - <https://sip3.io>
- flanders - web gui - <https://github.com/jonkirkman/flanders>

## HANDS ON: KAMAILIO INSTALLATION FROM GIT

---

<https://kamailio.org/docs/tutorials/5.4.x/kamailio-install-guide-git/>

**Bonus**

Integration With FreeSwitch  
For Media Services

## PARTICIPATE TO THE DEMO

---

KAMAILIO SERVER: [LAB.KAMAILIO.DEV](http://LAB.KAMAILIO.DEV)

TEST SIP ACCOUNTS: [1005](#), [1006](#), [1007](#), ...

ECHO SERVICE VIA FREESWITCH: [9196](#)

JOIN AUDIO CONFERENCE ROUTED TO FREESWITCH - DIAL: [3000](#)

EXTENSIONS ROUTED TO FREESWITCH: [3XXX](#) AND [9XXX](#)

# KAMAILIO.CFG CHANGES FOR ROUTING TO FREESWITCH FOR MEDIA SERVICES

---

FREESWITCH RUNNING ON: **192.168.12.167:5090**

- WITH DEFAULT DIALPLAN
- EXTENSIONS **3XXX** AND **9XXX** ARE ROUTED TO FREESWITCH
- EXAMPLE MEDIA SERVICES:
  - ECHO: **9196** - DELAYED ECHO: **9195**
  - AUDIO CONFERENCE: **3000**

```
--- etc/kamailio.cfg 2020-08-04 10:23:28.548474917 -0700
+++ etc/kamailio-fs.cfg 2020-08-04 04:56:06.847052158 -0700
@@ -562,6 +562,12 @@
        exit;
    }

+   if($rU =~ "^9[0-9][0-9][0-9]$" || $rU =~ "^3[0-9][0-9][0-9]$") {
+       $ru = "sip:" + $rU + "@192.168.23.167:5090";
+       route(RELAY);
+       exit;
+   }
+
+   # dispatch destinations to PSTN
+   route(PSTN);
```



## KAMAILIO 5.4.0 RUN FROM SOURCE CODE BUILD

---

```
cd /usr/local/src/  
mkdir kamailio-5.4  
cd kamailio-5.4  
git clone --depth 1 --no-single-branch https://github.com/kamailio/kamailio kamailio  
cd kamailio  
git checkout -b 5.4 origin/5.4  
make include_modules="db_mysql" cfg  
make all
```

### START KAMAILIO FROM SOURCE CODE DIRECTORY WITH:

```
./src/kamailio -w . -f etc/kamailio.cfg -L src/modules/ -A WITH_NAT -A WITH RTPENGINE -a no  
--alias=lab.kamailio.dev -l udp:192.168.23.166:5060/76.9.245.166:5060
```

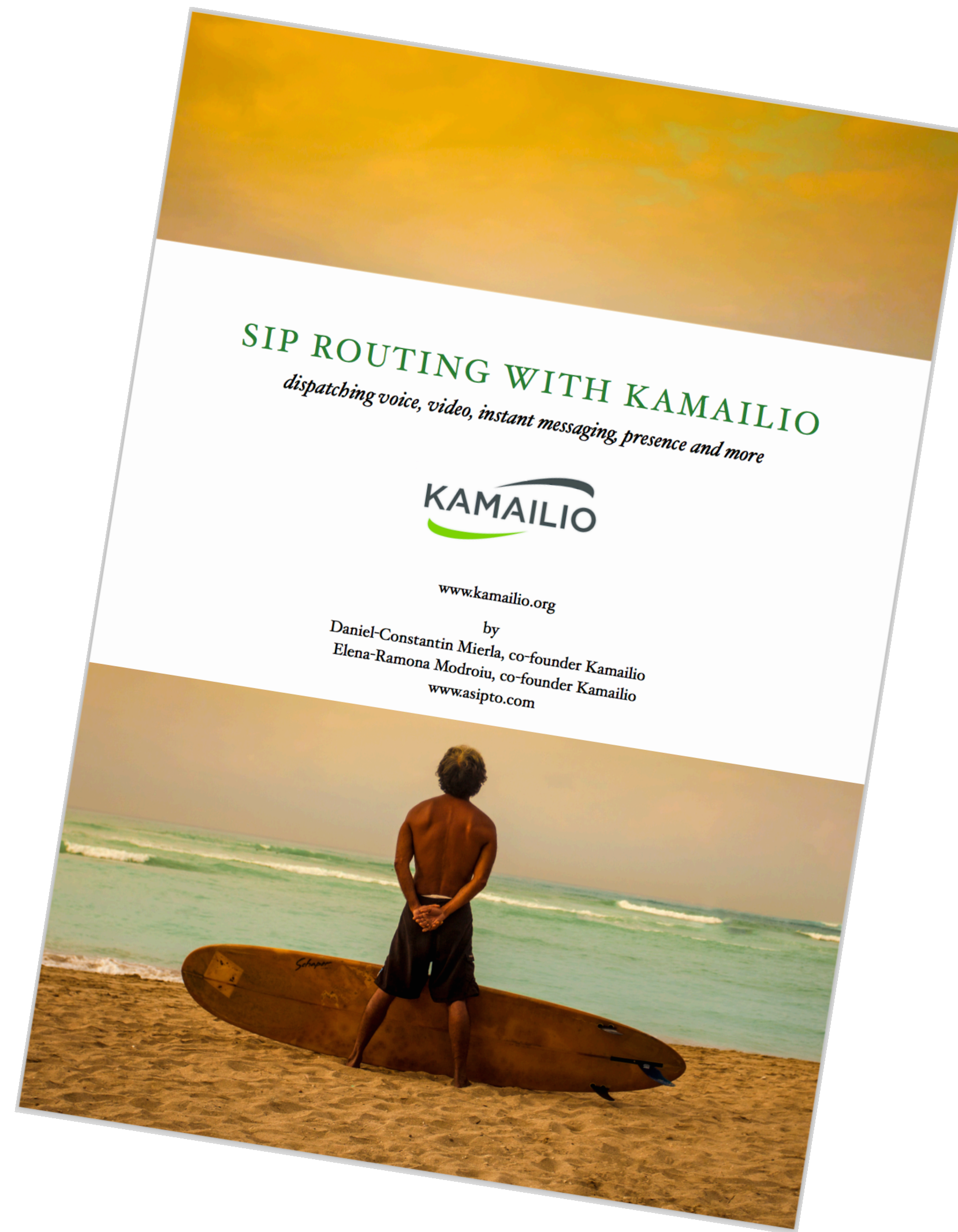
### KAMAILIO SYSTEM: A CLOUD NATTED VIRTUAL MACHINE

KAMAILIO LOCAL IP: 192.168.23.166

KAMAILIO PUBLIC IP: 76.9.245.166

SIP DOMAIN: LAB.KAMAILIO.DEV

RTP NAT TRAVERSAL: DONE WITH RTPENGINE (HAS TO BE INSTALLED AS WELL)



<https://www.asipto.com/sw/kamailio-admin-book/>



## **Kamailio World Updates Online Event**

September 2-3, 2020

<https://www.kamailio.org/w/2020/08/kamailio-world-updates-online-celebration-party-sep-2-3-2020/>



THANK YOU!

---

**Daniel-Constantin Mierla**

Co-Founder Kamilio Project

@miconda

asipto.com



Anniversary Edition 2021

[www.kamailioworld.com](http://www.kamailioworld.com)