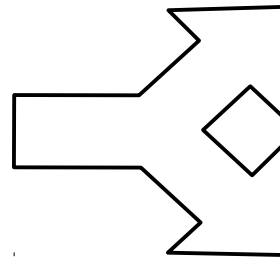


The new Kamailio Build System



debian

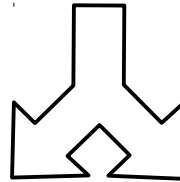


ubuntu

Andreas Granig

`<agranig@sipwise.com>`

deb.kamailio.org

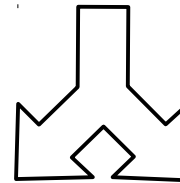


stable

4.1, 4.0, 3.3

nightly

master, 4.1, 4.0, 3.3



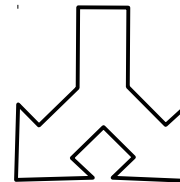
debian

squeeze, wheezy,
jessie



ubuntu

Precise



amd64

i386

How did it work in the past?

- Bootstrap target chroots once
- For each target, manually do:
 - `pkg/kamailio/deb/$target → debian/`
 - `dpkg-buildpackage -S`
 - source packages → chroot
 - `dpkg-buildpackage`
 - `reprepro`
- For each new release, resulting in
 - Non-reproducible builds
 - Potentially broken dependencies
 - Still, better than nothing!



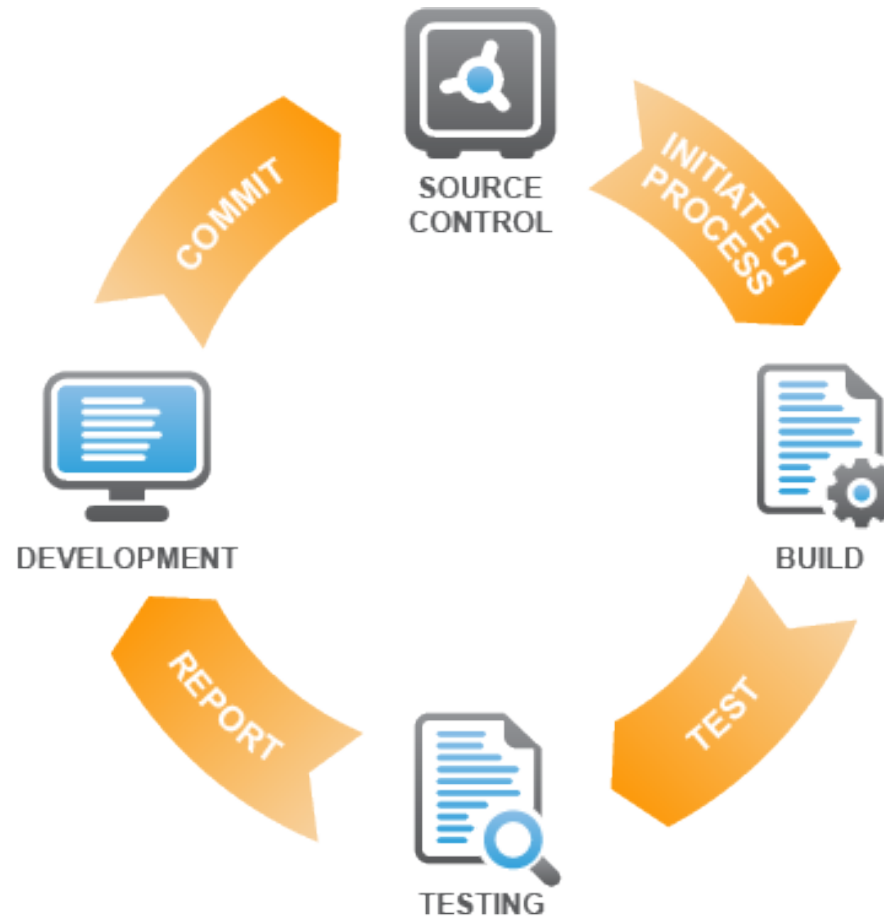
Continuous Integration to the rescue

- Jenkins CI
- Jenkins-debian-glue

Pardon, what?



A Primer to Continuous Integration

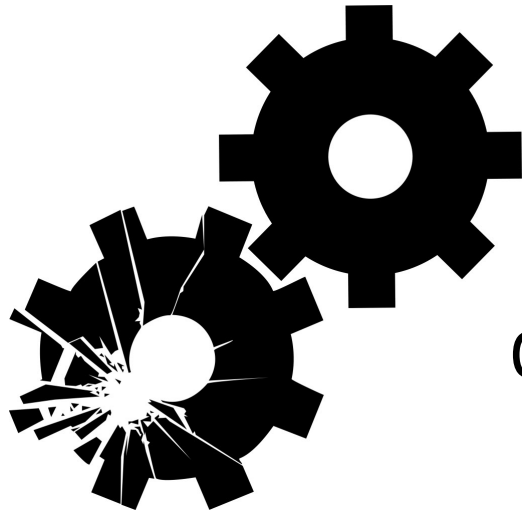
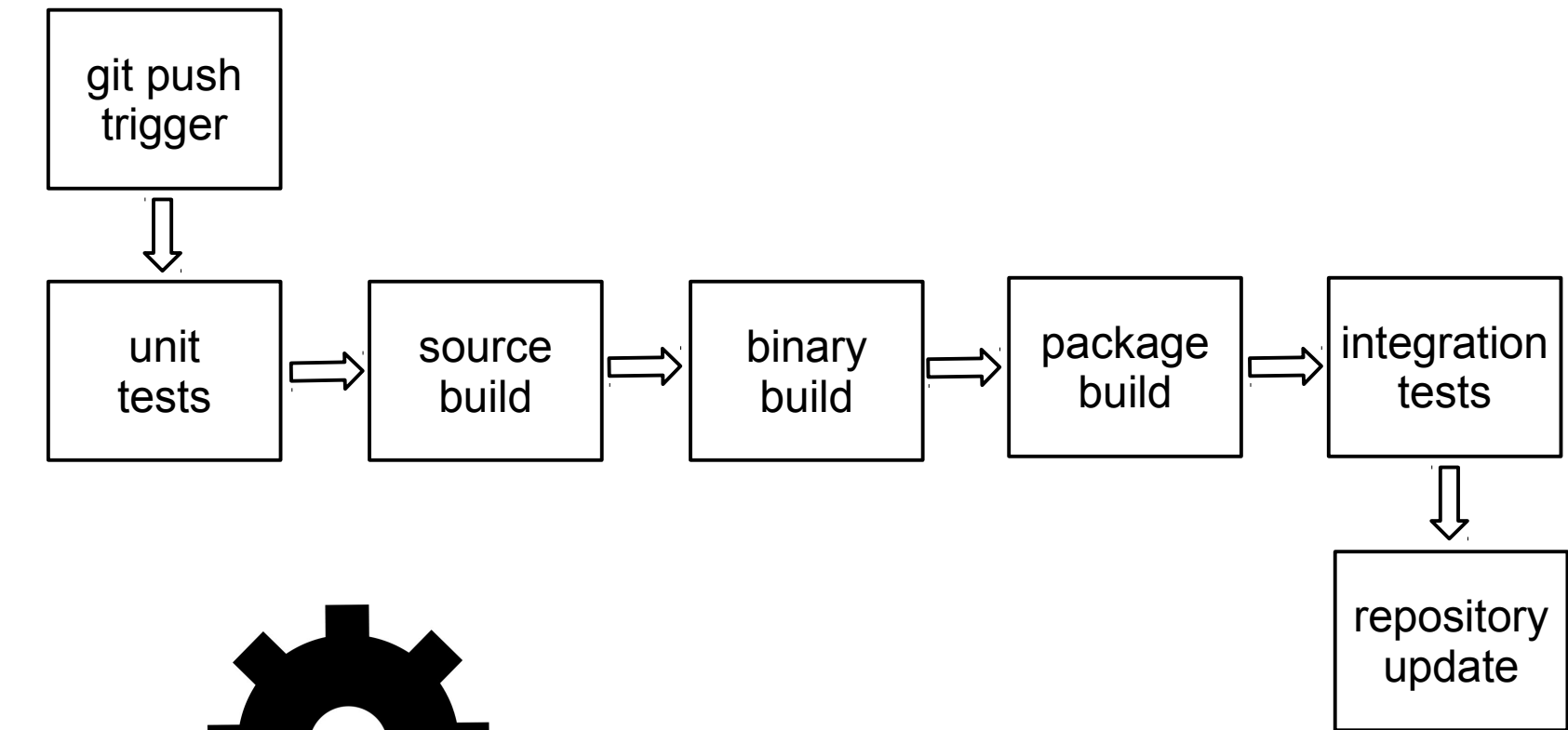


A brief intro to Jenkins CI

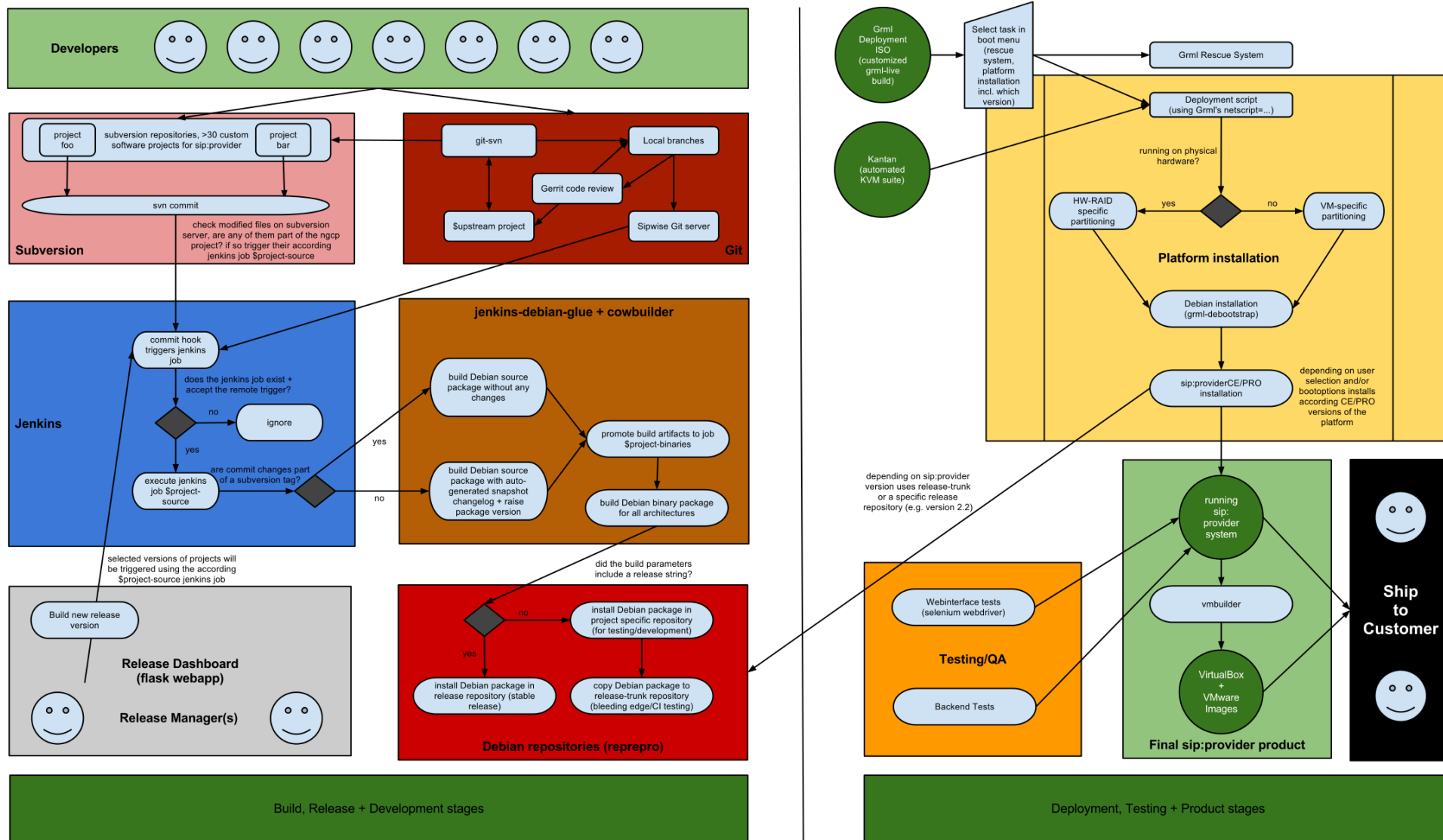
- An application that monitors executions of repeated jobs
- Specifically for
 - Building and testing of software projects
 - Monitoring executions of external jobs



How Jenkins CI works (in theory)



Catch errors early and often!



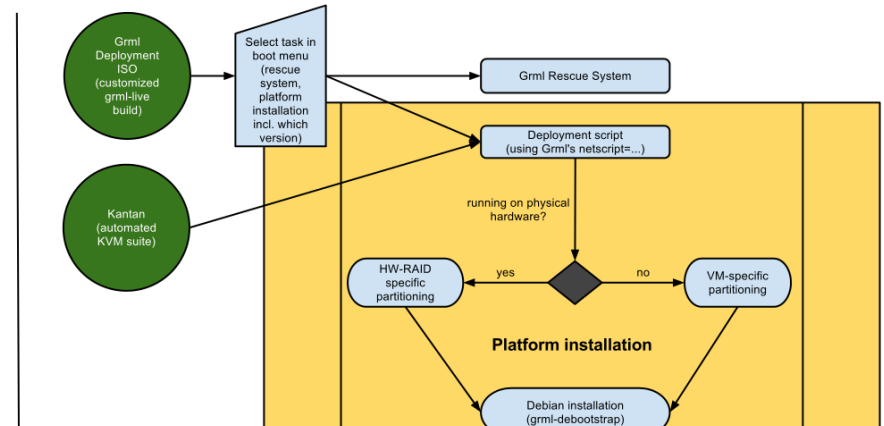
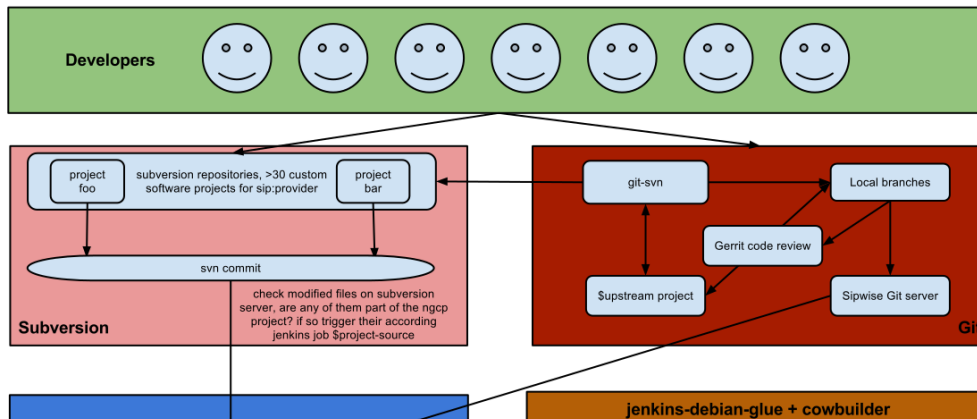
Legend:



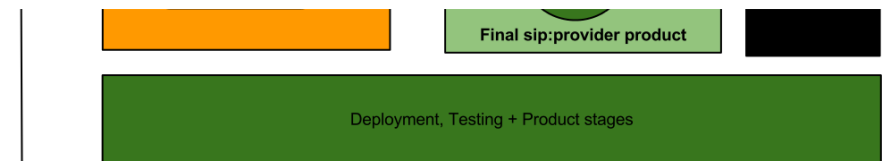
Software:

Cowbuilder: <http://packages.debian.org/sid/cowbuilder>
 Debian: <http://debian.org>
 Flask: <http://flask.pocoo.org>
 Git: <http://git-scm.com>
 Grml: <http://grml.org>
 Jenkins: <http://jenkins-ci.org>
 Jenkins-debian-glue: <https://github.com/mika/jenkins-debian-glue>

Kantan: <https://github.com/mika/kantan>
 Reprepro: <http://mirrorer.alioth.debian.org>
 Selenium: <http://seleniumhq.org>
 Selenium-webdriver + rspec: <https://github.com/mika/sip-provider-selenium-webdriver-tests>
 Subversion: <http://subversion.tigris.org>



Woah, hold on for a second!



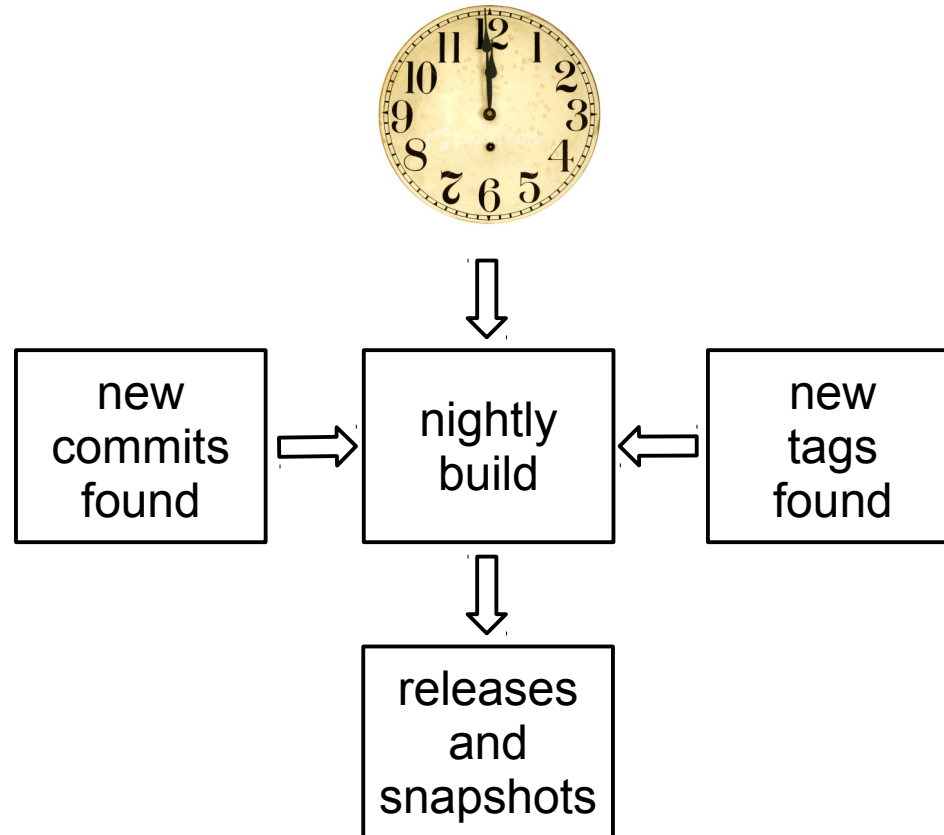
Legend:



Software:

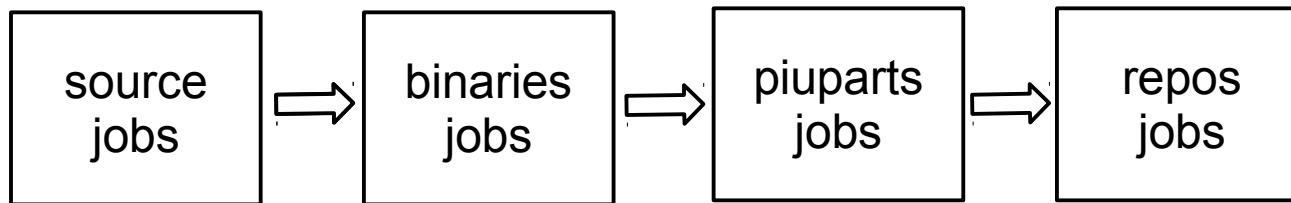
Cowbuilder: <http://packages.debian.org/sid/cowbuilder>
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 Jenkins-debian-glue: <https://github.com/mika/jenkins-debian-glue>
 Kantan: <https://github.com/mika/kantan>
 Reprepro: <http://mirrorer.alioth.debian.org>
 Selenium: <http://seleniumhq.org>
 Selenium-webdriver + rspec: <https://github.com/mika/sip-provider-selenium-webdriver-tests>
 Subversion: <http://subversion.tigris.org>

How it works for Kamailio today



The Build Architecture

- Currently four types of jobs

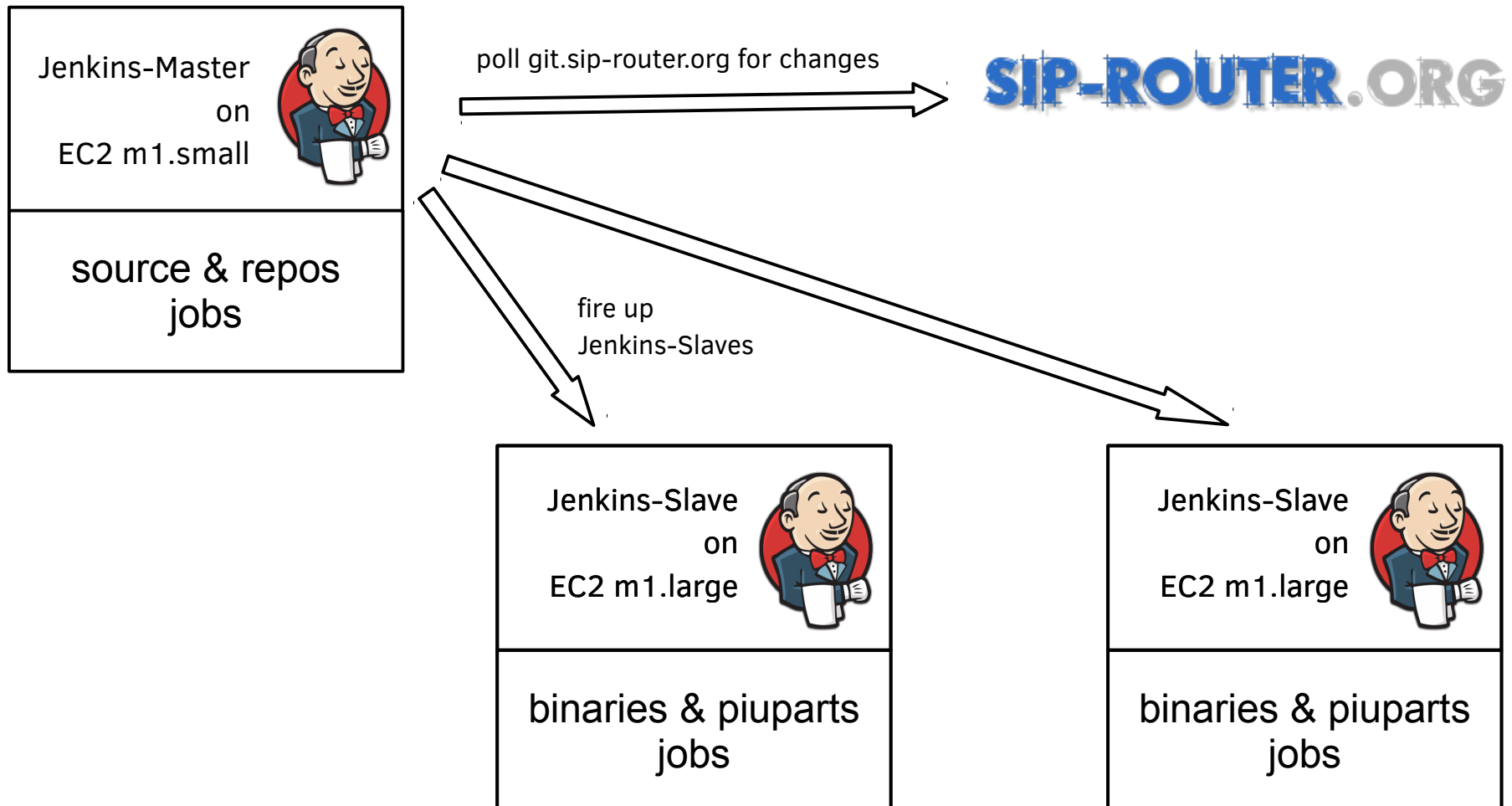


		kamailio41-nightly-binaries	3 days 7 hr - #30	1 mo 4 days - #14	2 hr 36 min
		kamailio41-nightly-piuparts	1 mo 4 days - #7	1 mo 5 days - #4	14 min
		kamailio41-nightly-repos	3 days 5 hr - #22	7 days 9 hr - #21	1 min 32 sec
		kamailio41-nightly-source	3 days 7 hr - #26	N/A	10 min

~3h overall build time per release for all targets and architectures
(i386 and amd64 for Debian squeezy, wheezy and jessie and Ubuntu Precise)

The Build Architecture

- Distributed Cloud Infrastructure



You can replicate the setup

- 100% open source
- General Information on Michael Prokop's blog

<http://michael-prokop.at/blog/2014/03/25/building-debianubuntu-packages-on-ec2/>

- Documented in our repo at

<https://github.com/sipwise/kamailio-deb-jenkins>



What's next?

- Build per push only makes sense with testing
- Improve overall test coverage
- Introduce lint/static tests
- Introduce long-term tests
(mem leaks, performance degradations)
- Improve and automate system integration tests
(black-box tests of module functions)



What about Code Review?

- Do we want to use Gerrit?
 - Everybody pushes branches to Gerrit
 - Jenkins signs it off if tests are ok
 - Core Devs review, iterate and approve → automatic merge
 - Feedback and code in one place



How you can help?

- Let's start a discussion about what makes sense
- How to motivate ourselves to write tests?
- Anyone with experience on anything mentioned here willing to share experience?
 - Code tests/analysis
 - Gerrit use cases



Questions?

`<agranig@sipwise.com>`